



# DESIGN CAPACITY TABLES

for

**64 x 41 Lipped Channels**

to

**AS/NZS 4600**

Version 01

June 2019

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Howick Ltd

Design Capacity Tables for 64 x 41 Lipped Channels to AS/NZS 4600

Published by

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Auckland 2014

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Users of this publication should note that the design capacities, calculations, tabulations and other information contained in this publication are specifically relevant to cold-formed steel sections manufactured on Howick roll-forming machines.

Consequently, the information contained in this publication cannot be readily used for cold-formed sections produced on machines by other manufacturers, as those sections may vary significantly in geometry and material Standard compliance.

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## About Howick Ltd

Howick Ltd is a well-established and respected, 35 year, family enterprise based in Auckland, New Zealand.

Howick Ltd personifies the concept of “Kiwi ingenuity” showcasing technical expertise and creativity and that essential “can do” philosophy that underpins the company’s world-leading innovation and quality. Given this success, Howick Ltd is often described as producers of “the world’s best steel framing machines”.

We are a design and manufacturing company with a global philosophy and reach. Our emphasis is on unique research and development and sophisticated design technology enabling cost-effective, efficient end to end construction systems, across a variety of steel framed projects.



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## Notations & Abbreviations

Symbol	Description
$A_g$	gross area of a cross-section
$b$	flat width of a flange excluding radii
$b_f$	overall width of a flange
$C_b$	bending coefficient dependent on moment
$C_s$	coefficient for moment about the centroidal axis perpendicular to the symmetry axis
$C_{TF}$	coefficient for unequal end moment
$c$	distance from the end of a beam to the edge of the bearing force
$d$	overall depth of a section
$d_1$	depth of the flat portion of a web measured along the plane of the web
$d_L$	overall depth of a lip
$E$	Young's modulus of elasticity
EOF	End One Flange (concentrated load or reaction on a beam)
ETF	End Two Flange (concentrated load or reaction on a beam)
$f_u$	minimum tensile strength used in design
$f_y$	minimum yield stress used in design
$G$	shear modulus of elasticity
$I_w$	warping constant for a cross-section
$I_x$	second moment of area about the major principal x-axis
$I_y$	second moment of area about the minor principal y-axis
IOF	Interior One Flange (concentrated load or reaction on a beam)
ITF	Interior Two Flange (concentrated load or reaction on a beam)
$J$	torsion constant for the cross-section
$L_b$	actual length of bearing
$L_e$	effective length of a member
$L_{ex}$	effective length for buckling about the major principal x-axis
$L_{ey}$	effective length for buckling about the minor principal y-axis
$L_{ez}$	effective length for torsional buckling about the longitudinal z-axis
$M^*$	design bending moment

Symbol	Description
$M_x^*$	design bending moment about the x-axis
$M_y^*$	design bending moment about the y-axis
$M_b$	nominal member moment capacity
$M_{bdx}$	nominal moment capacity about the x-axis for distortional buckling
$M_{bdyL}$	nominal moment capacity about the y-axis for distortional buckling (lips in compression)
$M_{bdyW}$	nominal moment capacity about the y-axis for distortional buckling (web in compression)
$M_{bx}$	nominal member moment capacity about the x-axis
$M_{by}$	nominal member moment capacity about the y-axis
$M_{byL}$	nominal member moment capacity about the y-axis (lips in compression)
$M_{byW}$	nominal member moment capacity about the y-axis (web in compression)
$M_{sx}$	nominal section moment capacity about the x-axis
$M_{sxf}$	nominal yield moment capacity about the x-axis
$M_{syfL}$	nominal yield moment capacity about the y-axis (tension in the lips)
$M_{syfT}$	nominal yield moment capacity about the y-axis (tension in the toes)
$M_{syfW}$	nominal yield moment capacity about the y-axis (tension in the web)
$M_{syL}$	nominal section moment capacity about the y-axis (lips in compression)
$M_{syT}$	nominal section moment capacity about the y-axis (toes in compression)
$M_{syW}$	nominal section moment capacity about the y-axis (web in compression)
$M_y$	moment causing initial yield at the extreme compression fibre of a full section
$N^*$	design axial force (tension or compression)
$N_c$	nominal member capacity of a member in compression
$N_{cd}$	nominal capacity of a member in compression for distortional buckling
$N_{ex}$	elastic buckling load about the major principal x-axis
$N_{ey}$	elastic buckling load about the minor principal y-axis
$N_s$	nominal section capacity of a member in compression
$N_t$	nominal section capacity of a member in tension

Symbol	Description
$r_i$	inside corner radius
$r_{o1}$	polar radius of gyration of the cross-section about the shear centre
$r_x$	radius of gyration about the major principal x-axis
$r_y$	radius of gyration about the minor principal y-axis
$t$	nominal base metal thickness of a section exclusive of coatings
$V_{vx}$	nominal shear capacity of the cross-section perpendicular to the x-axis
$V_{vy}$	nominal shear capacity of the cross-section perpendicular to the x-axis
$V_x^*$	design shear force
$V_y^*$	design shear force
$w_h$	total hole width
$x$	major principal axis of the cross-section
$x_c$	co-ordinate of the centroid from the back of the web along the x-axis
$x_o$	co-ordinate of the shear centre from the centroid along the x-axis
$y$	minor principal axis of the cross-section
$Z_x$	elastic section modulus about the major principal x-axis
$Z_{yL}$	elastic section modulus about the minor principal y-axis (lips in compression)
$Z_{yW}$	elastic section modulus about the minor principal y-axis (web in compression)
$\alpha_T$	coefficient of thermal expansion
$\beta_y$	monosymmetry section constant about the y-axis
$\phi_b$	capacity reduction factor for bending
$\phi_c$	capacity reduction factor for compression
$\phi_t$	capacity reduction factor for tension
$\phi_v$	capacity reduction factor for shear
$\phi_w$	capacity reduction factor for bearing
$\nu$	Poisson's ratio (= 0.3 for steel)
$\rho$	density of steel

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# INTRODUCTION

## Scope

These Design Capacity Tables have been prepared for the following nestable lipped channel cold-formed sections manufactured on Howick Ltd. steel roll-forming machines.

64 x 41 x 1.55 LC  
64 x 41 x 1.15 LC  
64 x 41 x 0.95 LC  
64 x 41 x 0.75 LC

The values presented in the tables and graphs are only applicable to sections manufactured on Howick Ltd. machines, and for the specified steel grades complying with AS 1397.

All of the dimensions and section properties required for design are provided, as well as design aids in the form of tables and graphs for members subject to the following design actions:

Bending  
Axial Compression  
Axial Tension  
Combined Actions

These design aids will allow engineers to design most structures without having to refer to the design standard AS/NZS 4600.

## Design Method

The Tables and Graphs in this publication have been calculated generally in accordance with the Australian and New Zealand standard AS/NZS 4600 Cold-Formed steel Structures. The Direct Strength Method (DSM) has been used to determine the capacities for axial compression and bending, based on the results of finite strip analyses using the computer program "Thin-Wall" from The University of Sydney.

Where appropriate, the method of calculating capacities in the transition region between local and distortional buckling in accordance with the AISI publication "Direct Strength Method" has been used. This is an extension of what is given in AS/NZS 4600.

## Limit States Design

All values presented in these Design Capacity Tables are limit state values in accordance with the Limits State Design requirements of AS/NZS 4600 and AS/NZS 1170.0.

## Units

The units in the Tables are consistent with those in the SI (metric) system. The base units used in the tables and graphs are:

Property	Units	Symbol
Force	Newton	N
Length	metre	m
Mass	kilogram	kg
Stress	Megapascal	MPa

Except for some minor exceptions, all values in the Tables are rounded to three (3) significant figures.

## Properties of Steel

The properties of steel used for the calculation of capacities in these Tables are given in the table below. The coefficient of expansion for steel is also listed.

Property	Symbol	Value
Young's Modulus of Elasticity	$E$	$200 \times 10^3$ MPa
Shear Modulus	$G$	$80 \times 10^3$ MPa
Poisson's Ratio	$\nu$	0.3
Density	$\rho$	7850 kg/m <sup>3</sup>
Coefficient of Thermal Expansion	$\alpha_T$	$11.7 \times 10^{-6}$ per °C

The steel grades and mechanical properties used for design in accordance with AS/NZS 4600 are given in the table below. Note that the yield stress and tensile strength for thin sections of Grade G550 steel are reduced as required by this standard.

Section	Grade	Yield Stress $f_y$ (MPa)	Tensile Strength $f_u$ (MPa)
64 x 41 x 1.55 LC	G450	450	480
64 x 41 x 1.15 LC	G500	500	520
64 x 41 x 0.95 LC	G550	550	550
64 x 41 x 0.75 LC	G550	495	495

## References

### Referenced Standards

AS 1397-2011, Continuous hot-dip metallic coated steel sheet and strip - Coatings of zinc and zinc alloyed with aluminium and magnesium, Standards Australia

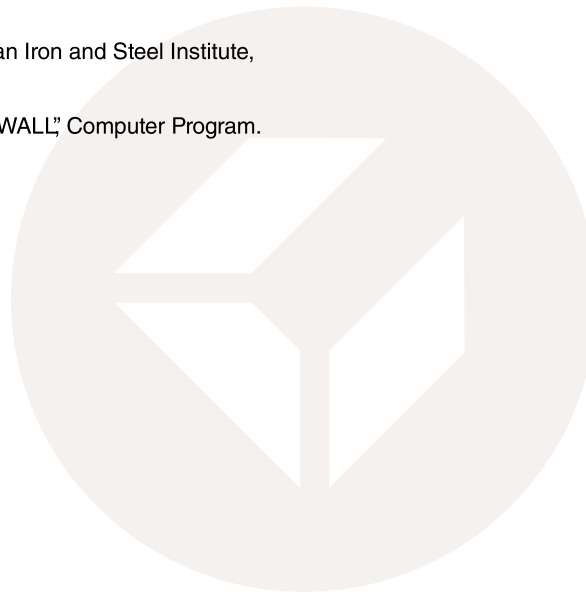
AS/NZS 1170.1: 2002, Structural Design Actions Part 0: General Principles, Standards Australia.

AS/NZS 4600: 2018, Cold-Formed Steel Structures, Standards Australia.

### Other References

AISI 2006, Direct Strength Method (DSM) Design Guide, American Iron and Steel Institute, January 2006.

Centre of Advanced Structural Engineering (CASE) 2001, "THIN-WALL" Computer Program.



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# Part 1: Dimensions & Section Properties

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### Part 1: Dimensions & Section Properties

Table 1.1 Dimensions & Section Properties

Table 1.2 Section Properties to Calculate Member Stability

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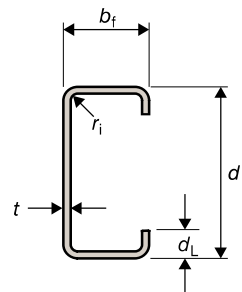
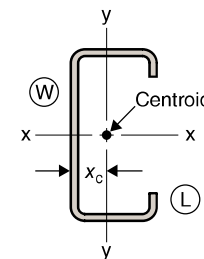


Table 1.1  
**DIMENSIONS & SECTION PROPERTIES**



DIMENSIONS								SECTION PROPERTIES							
Designation	Depth	Flange Width	Lip Depth	Thick.	Inside Corner Radius	Co-ord. of Centroid	Mass per metre	Gross Section Area	About x-axis			About y-axis			
	$d$	$b_f$	$d_L$	$t$	$r_i$	$x_c$		$A_g$	$I_x$	$Z_x$	$r_x$	$I_y$	$Z_{yL}$	$Z_{yW}$	$r_y$
	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	kg/m	mm <sup>2</sup>	10 <sup>6</sup> mm <sup>4</sup>	10 <sup>3</sup> mm <sup>3</sup>	mm	10 <sup>6</sup> mm <sup>4</sup>	10 <sup>3</sup> mm <sup>3</sup>	10 <sup>3</sup> mm <sup>3</sup>	mm
64 x 41 x 1.55 LC - G450	63.5	41.3	10.0	1.55	1.5	15.1	1.90	242	0.163	5.14	26.0	0.0556	2.12	3.68	15.2
64 x 41 x 1.15 LC - G500	63.5	41.3	10.0	1.15	1.5	15.1	1.43	182	0.124	3.91	26.2	0.0428	1.64	2.83	15.4
64 x 41 x 0.95 LC - G550	63.5	41.3	10.0	0.95	1.5	15.1	1.19	151	0.104	3.28	26.3	0.0360	1.38	2.38	15.4
64 x 41 x 0.75 LC - G550	63.5	41.3	10.0	0.75	1.5	15.1	0.941	120	0.0832	2.62	26.3	0.0290	1.11	1.91	15.5

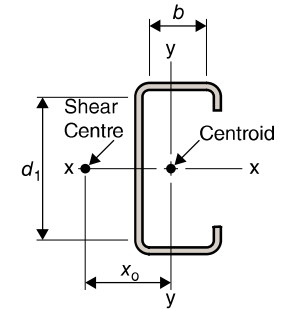
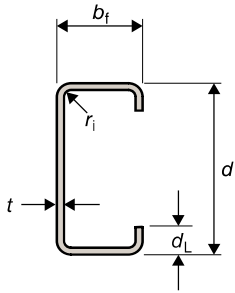
NOTES:

1. Calculations of section properties are in accordance with AS/NZS 4600.
2. Thickness refers to the base metal thickness (BMT).

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Table 1.2

## SECTION PROPERTIES TO CALCULATE MEMBER STABILITY



DIMENSIONS									RATIOS		PROPERTIES					MATERIAL		
Designation	Depth	Flange Width	Lip Depth	Thick-ness	Inside Corner Radius	Flat Web Depth	Flat Flange Width	Mass per metre	Web	Flange	Shear Centre Co-ord.	Polar Rad. of Gyration about S.C.	Mono-Symmetry Constant	Torsion Constant	Warping Constant	Grade	Design Yield Stress	Design Tensile Strength
	$d$	$b_f$	$d_L$	$t$	$r_i$	$d_1$	$b$		$d_1/t$	$b/t$	$x_o$	$r_{o1}$	$\beta_y$	$J$	$I_w$		$f_y$	$f_u$
	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	kg/m			mm	mm		mm <sup>4</sup>	10 <sup>6</sup> mm <sup>6</sup>		MPa	MPa
64 x 41 x 1.55 LC - G450	63.5	41.3	10.0	1.55	1.5	57.4	35.2	1.90	37.0	22.7	34.6	45.9	89.1	194	51.1	G450	450	480
64 x 41 x 1.15 LC - G500	63.5	41.3	10.0	1.15	1.5	58.2	36.0	1.43	50.6	31.3	35.1	46.4	90.0	80.1	39.9	G500	500	520
64 x 41 x 0.95 LC - G550	63.5	41.3	10.0	0.95	1.5	58.6	36.4	1.19	61.7	38.3	35.3	46.6	90.4	45.4	33.8	G550	550	550
64 x 41 x 0.75 LC - G550	63.5	41.3	10.0	0.75	1.5	59.0	36.8	0.941	78.7	49.1	35.6	46.9	90.9	22.5	27.4	G550	495	495

## NOTES:

1. Calculations of section capacities are in accordance with AS/NZS 4600.
2. Thickness refers to the base metal thickness (BMT).
3. Steel grades are in accordance with AS 1397.
4. The design yield stress and design tensile strength are reduced in accordance with AS/NZS 4600 Clause 1.5.1.1 where appropriate.
5. The flat flange width is the average of the flanges.

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## Part 2: MEMBERS SUBJECT TO BENDING

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#### Part 2: Members subject to Bending

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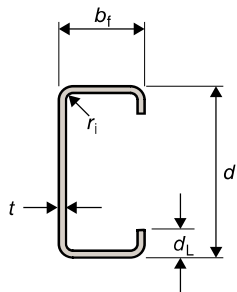
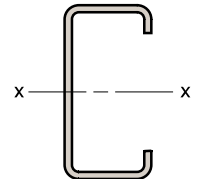


Table 2.1  
**MEMBER MOMENT CAPACITY**  
 Members without Full Lateral Restraint  
**bending about x-axis**  
 $C_b = 1.0$



Designation	Mass per metre	Buckling Capacities		Design Member Moment Capacity, $\phi_b M_{bx}$ (kNm)														
		Local $\phi_b M_{sx}$	Distortional $\phi_b M_{bdx}$	Effective Length ( $L_e$ ) in metres														
	kg/m	kNm	kNm	0.2	0.3	0.6	0.9	1.2	1.5	1.8	2.1	2.4	2.7	3	3.3	3.6	4	
	64 x 41 x 1.55 LC - G450	1.90	2.08	1.92	2.01	1.92	1.92	1.92	1.73	1.45	1.13	0.879	0.714	0.598	0.514	0.450	0.400	0.348
64 x 41 x 1.15 LC - G500	1.43	1.71	1.39	1.64	1.39	1.39	1.39	1.39	1.10	0.806	0.614	0.489	0.402	0.340	0.293	0.257	0.220	
64 x 41 x 0.95 LC - G550	1.19	1.34	1.14	1.34	1.15	1.14	1.14	1.12	0.918	0.656	0.495	0.390	0.318	0.266	0.227	0.198	0.168	
64 x 41 x 0.75 LC - G550	0.941	0.853	0.775	0.853	0.814	0.775	0.775	0.730	0.619	0.492	0.384	0.300	0.242	0.200	0.170	0.146	0.122	

NOTES:

1. Calculations of section capacities are in accordance with AS/NZS 4600.
2. Thickness refers to the base metal thickness (BMT).
3. Steel grades are in accordance with AS 1397.
4. The design yield stress and design tensile strength are reduced in accordance with AS/NZS 4600 Clause 1.5.1.1 where appropriate.
5. Capacities are calculated for a uniform bending moment ( $C_b = 1.0$ ).
6. Refer to Graph 2.1 for the limits of the local and distortional design moment capacities.
7. The effective length  $L_e = L_{ey} = L_{ez}$ .

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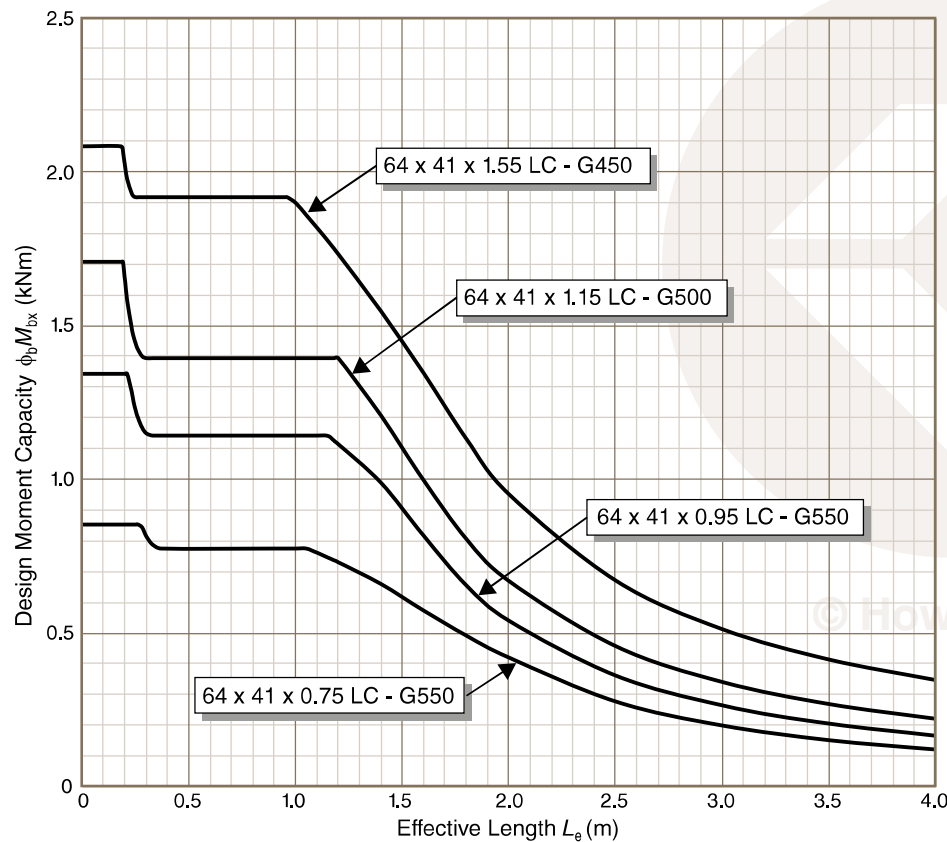
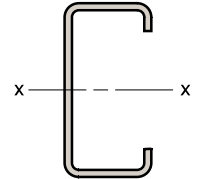
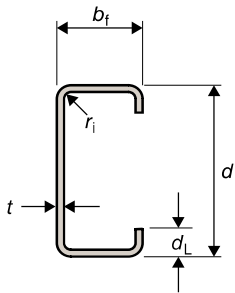
Graph 2.1

## MEMBER MOMENT CAPACITY

Members without Full Lateral Restraint

bending about x-axis

$$C_b = 1.0$$



### NOTES:

1. Calculations of section capacities are in accordance with AS/NZS 4600.
2. Thickness refers to the base metal thickness (BMT).
3. Steel grades are in accordance with AS 1397.
4. The design yield stress and design tensile strength are reduced in accordance with AS/NZS 4600 Clause 1.5.1.1 where appropriate.
5. Capacities are calculated for a uniform bending moment ( $C_b = 1.0$ ).
6. The effective length  $L_e = L_{ey} = L_{ez}$ .

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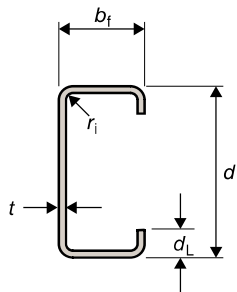
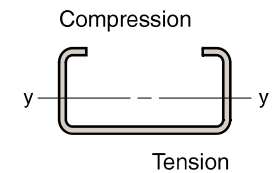


Table 2.2  
**MEMBER MOMENT CAPACITY**  
 Members without Full Lateral Restraint  
**bending about y-axis**  
 (Lips in Compression)



Designation	Mass per metre	Buckling Capacities		Design Member Moment Capacity, $\phi_b M_{byL}$ (kNm)													
		Local $\phi_b M_{syL}$	Distortional $\phi_b M_{bdyL}$	Effective Length ( $L_e$ ) in metres													
		kNm	kNm	0.2	0.3	0.6	0.9	1.2	1.5	1.8	2.1	2.4	2.7	3	3.3	3.6	4
64 x 41 x 1.55 LC - G450	1.90	0.860	0.808	0.860	0.808	0.808	0.787	0.679	0.562	0.446	0.365	0.312	0.275	0.248	0.228	0.212	0.196
64 x 41 x 1.15 LC - G500	1.43	0.736	0.593	0.736	0.597	0.593	0.593	0.533	0.396	0.293	0.231	0.190	0.162	0.142	0.127	0.116	0.104
64 x 41 x 0.95 LC - G550	1.19	0.681	0.488	0.668	0.500	0.488	0.488	0.457	0.318	0.231	0.178	0.144	0.121	0.104	0.0917	0.0822	0.0726
64 x 41 x 0.75 LC - G550	0.941	0.490	0.332	0.490	0.360	0.332	0.332	0.332	0.246	0.176	0.133	0.106	0.0872	0.0737	0.0637	0.0561	0.0485

NOTES:

1. Calculations of section capacities are in accordance with AS/NZS 4600.
2. Thickness refers to the base metal thickness (BMT).
3. Steel grades are in accordance with AS 1397.
4. The design yield stress and design tensile strength are reduced in accordance with AS/NZS 4600 Clause 1.5.1.1 where appropriate.
5. Capacities are calculated for  $C_s = 1.0$  and for a uniform bending moment ( $C_{TF} = 1.0$ ).
6. Refer to Graph 2.2 for the limits of the local and distortional design moment capacities.
7. The effective length  $L_e = L_{ex} = L_{ey}$ .

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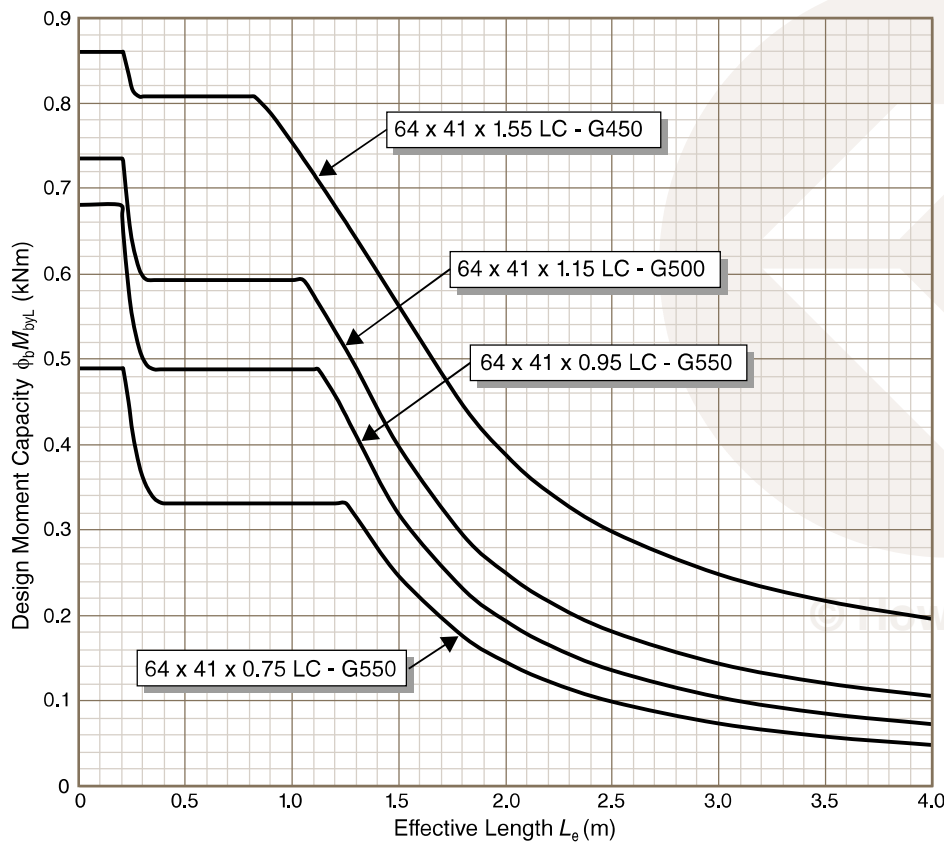
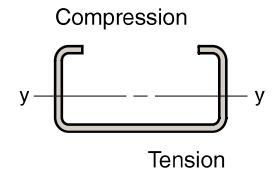
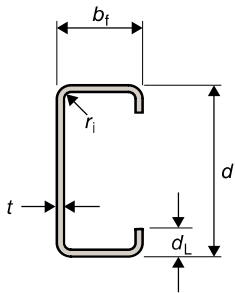
Graph 2.2

## MEMBER MOMENT CAPACITY

Members without Full Lateral Restraint

bending about y-axis

(Lips in Compression)



NOTES:

1. Calculations of section capacities are in accordance with AS/NZS 4600.
2. Thickness refers to the base metal thickness (BMT).
3. Steel grades are in accordance with AS 1397.
4. The design yield stress and design tensile strength are reduced in accordance with AS/NZS 4600 Clause 1.5.1.1 where appropriate.
5. Capacities are calculated for  $C_s = 1.0$  and for a uniform bending moment ( $C_{TF} = 1.0$ ).
6. The effective length  $L_e = L_{ex} = L_{ey}$ .

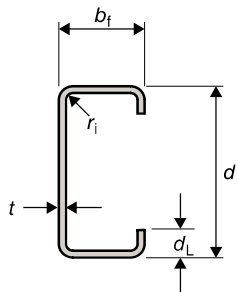
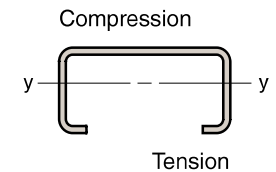


Table 2.3  
**MEMBER MOMENT CAPACITY**  
 Members without Full Lateral Restraint  
**bending about y-axis**  
 (Web in Compression)



Designation	Mass per metre	Buckling Capacities		Design Member Moment Capacity, $\phi_b M_{byW}$ (kNm)													
		Local $\phi_b M_{syW}$	Distortional $\phi_b M_{bdyW}$	Effective Length ( $L_e$ ) in metres													
		kNm	kNm	0.2	0.3	0.6	0.9	1.2	1.5	1.8	2.1	2.4	2.7	3	3.3	3.6	4
64 x 41 x 1.55 LC - G450	1.90	0.860	N.A.	0.860	0.860	0.860	0.860	0.860	0.860	0.860	0.860	0.860	0.860	0.860	0.860	0.860	0.860
64 x 41 x 1.15 LC - G500	1.43	0.673	N.A.	0.673	0.673	0.673	0.673	0.673	0.673	0.673	0.673	0.673	0.673	0.673	0.673	0.673	0.673
64 x 41 x 0.95 LC - G550	1.19	0.529	N.A.	0.529	0.529	0.529	0.529	0.529	0.529	0.529	0.529	0.529	0.529	0.529	0.529	0.529	0.529
64 x 41 x 0.75 LC - G550	0.941	0.337	N.A.	0.337	0.337	0.337	0.337	0.337	0.337	0.337	0.337	0.337	0.337	0.337	0.337	0.337	0.337

NOTES:

1. Calculations of section capacities are in accordance with AS/NZS 4600.
2. Thickness refers to the base metal thickness (BMT).
3. Steel grades are in accordance with AS 1397.
4. The design yield stress and design tensile strength are reduced in accordance with AS/NZS 4600 Clause 1.5.1.1 where appropriate.
5. Capacities are calculated for  $C_s = 1.0$  and for a uniform bending moment ( $C_{TF} = 1.0$ ).
6. Refer to Graph 2.3 for the limits of the local and distortional design moment capacities.
7. The effective lengths  $L_e = L_{ex} = L_{ey}$ .

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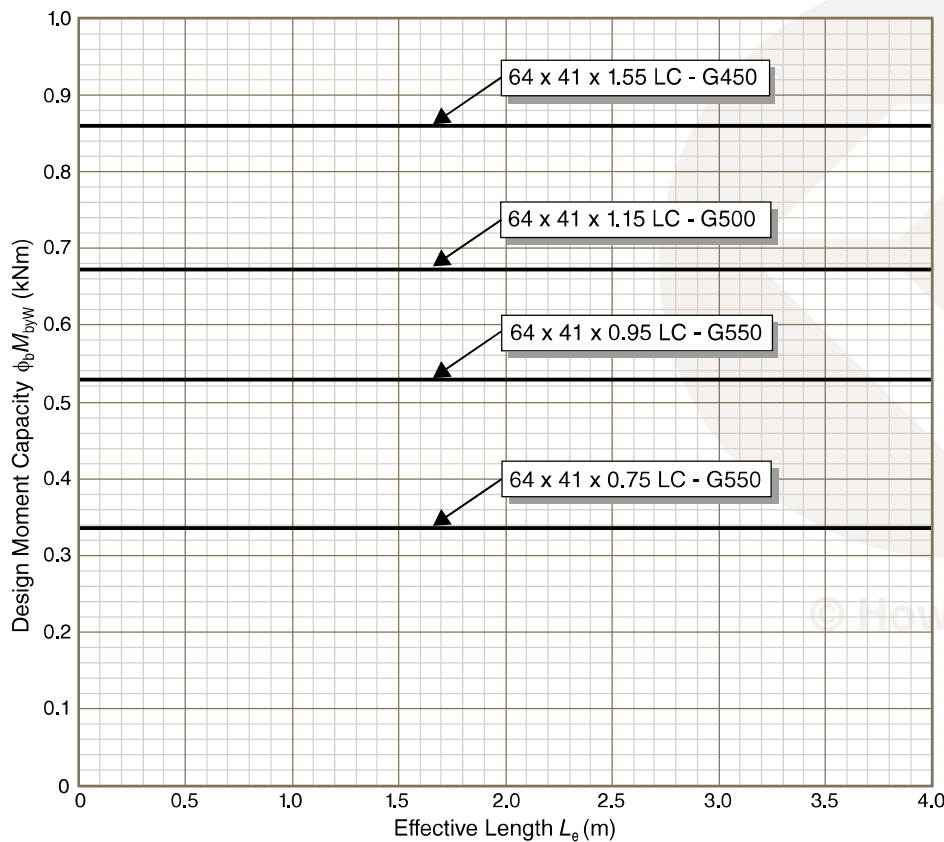
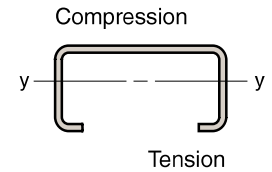
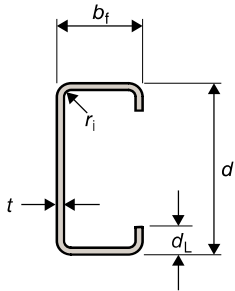
Graph 2.3

## MEMBER MOMENT CAPACITY

Members without Full Lateral Restraint

bending about y-axis

(Web in Compression)



### NOTES:

1. Calculations of section capacities are in accordance with AS/NZS 4600.
2. Thickness refers to the base metal thickness (BMT).
3. Steel grades are in accordance with AS 1397.
4. The design yield stress and design tensile strength are reduced in accordance with AS/NZS 4600 Clause 1.5.1.1 where appropriate.
5. Capacities are calculated for  $C_s = 1.0$  and for a uniform bending moment ( $C_{TF} = 1.0$ ).
6. The effective length  $L_e = L_{ex} = L_{ey}$ .

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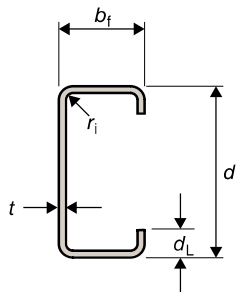
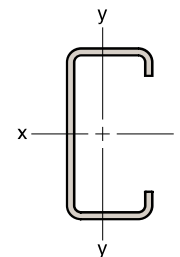


Table 2.4  
**SHEAR CAPACITIES**



Designation	Mass per metre	Shear Capacity	
		x-axis	y-axis
		$\phi_v V_{vx}$	$\phi_v V_{vy}$
	kg/m	kN	kN
64 x 41 x 1.55 LC - G450	1.90	23.1	28.3
64 x 41 x 1.15 LC - G500	1.43	17.6	23.8
64 x 41 x 0.95 LC - G550	1.19	12.6	21.9
64 x 41 x 0.75 LC - G550	0.941	6.22	14.9

NOTES:

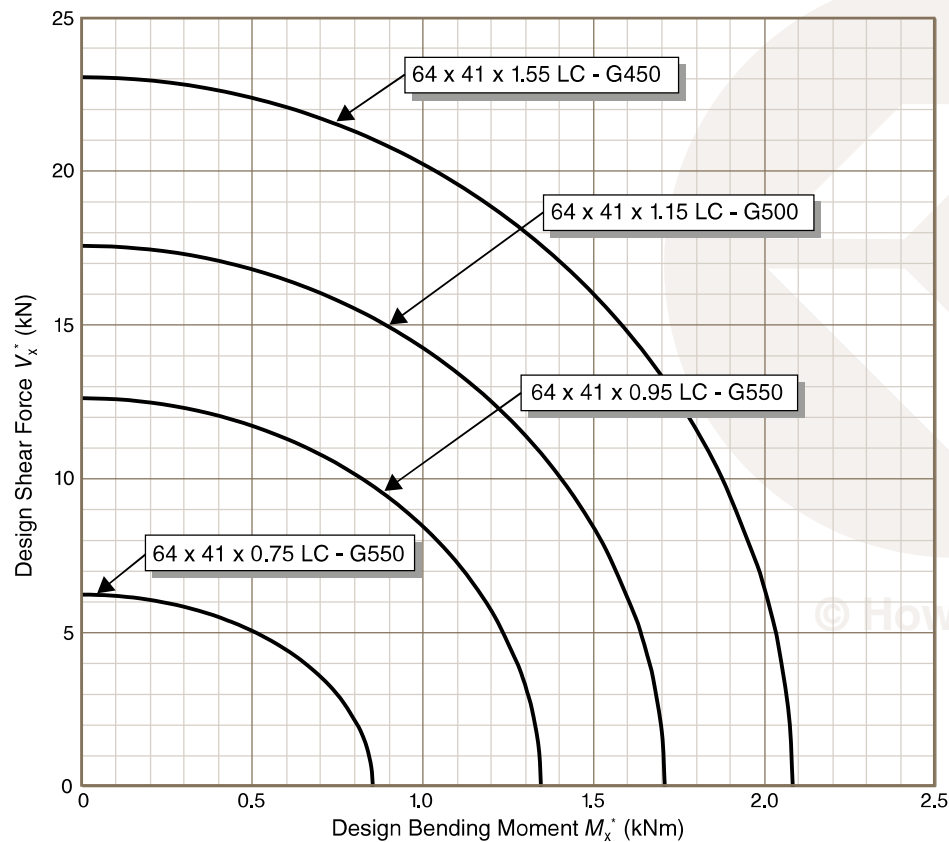
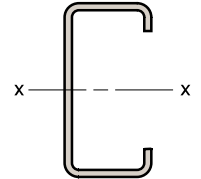
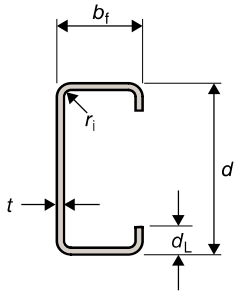
1. Calculations of section capacities are in accordance with AS/NZS 4600.
2. Thickness refers to the base metal thickness (BMT).
3. Steel grades are in accordance with AS 1397.
4. The design yield stress and design tensile strength are reduced in accordance with AS/NZS 4600 Clause 1.5.1.1 where appropriate.

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Graph 2.4

## COMBINED BENDING & SHEAR

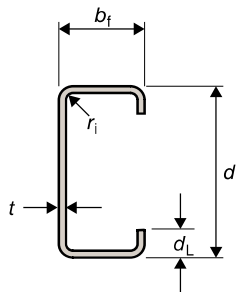
bending about x-axis



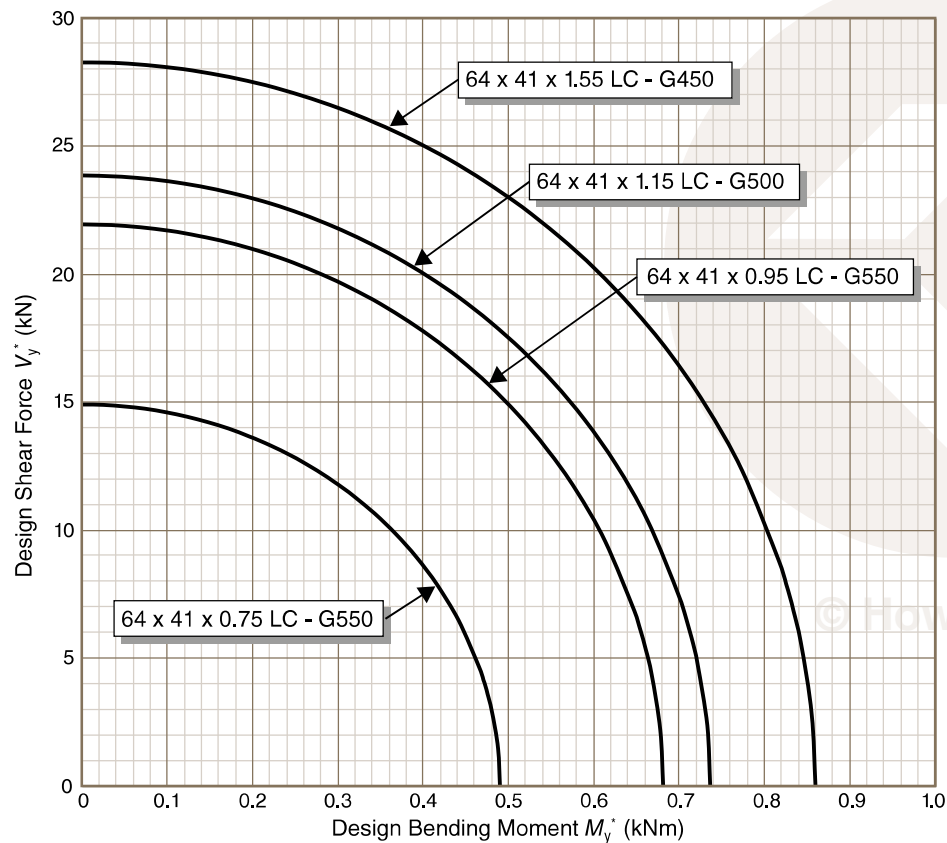
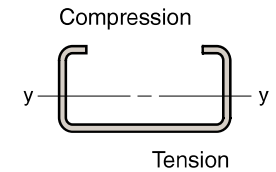
NOTES:

1. Calculations of section capacities are in accordance with AS/NZS 4600.
2. Thickness refers to the base metal thickness (BMT).
3. Steel grades are in accordance with AS 1397.
4. The design yield stress and design tensile strength are reduced in accordance with AS/NZS 4600 Clause 1.5.1.1 where appropriate.

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Graph 2.5  
**COMBINED BENDING & SHEAR**  
bending about y-axis  
(Lips in Compression)



NOTES:

1. Calculations of section capacities are in accordance with AS/NZS 4600.
2. Thickness refers to the base metal thickness (BMT).
3. Steel grades are in accordance with AS 1397.
4. The design yield stress and design tensile strength are reduced in accordance with AS/NZS 4600 Clause 1.5.1.1 where appropriate.

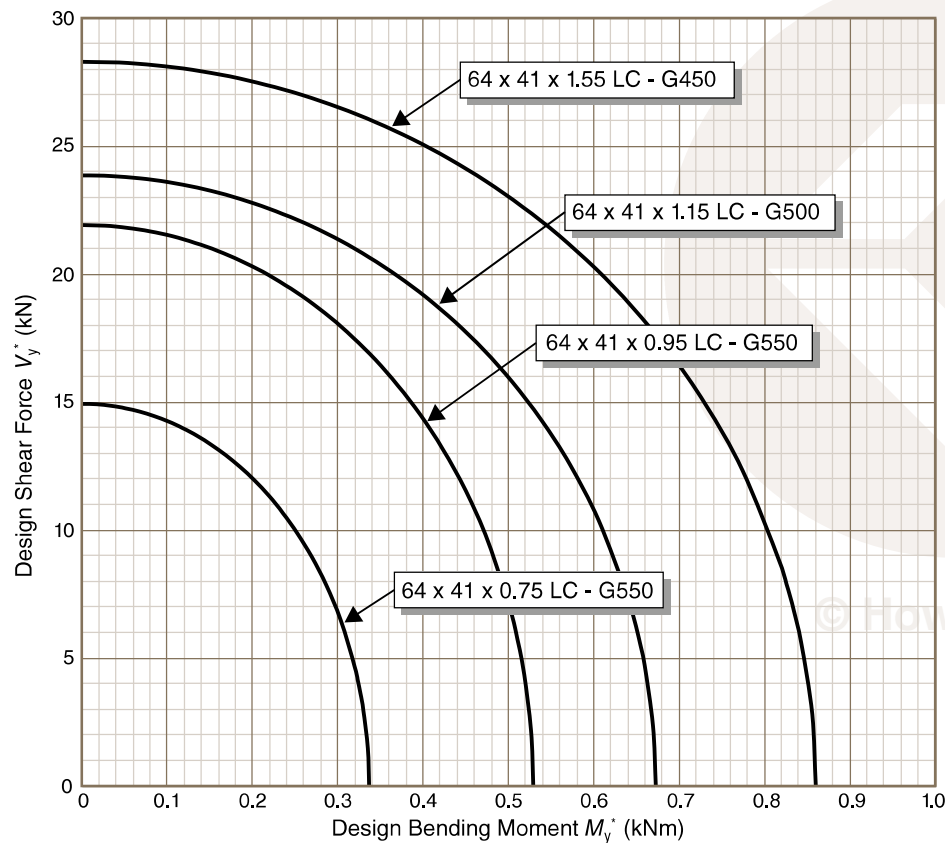
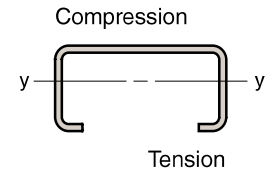
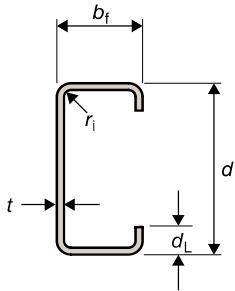
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Graph 2.6

## COMBINED BENDING & SHEAR

bending about y-axis

(Web in Compression)



### NOTES:

1. Calculations of section capacities are in accordance with AS/NZS 4600.
2. Thickness refers to the base metal thickness (BMT).
3. Steel grades are in accordance with AS 1397.
4. The design yield stress and design tensile strength are reduced in accordance with AS/NZS 4600 Clause 1.5.1.1 where appropriate.

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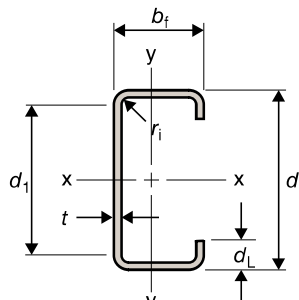
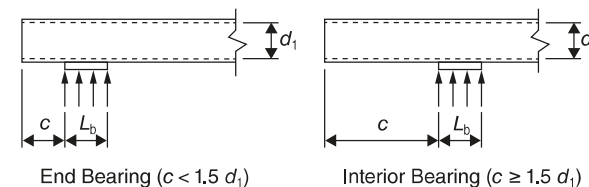


Table 2.5  
**WEB BEARING CAPACITY**  
One Flange Loading or Reaction



Designation	Mass per metre	1.5 d <sub>1</sub>	Design Web Bearing Capacity, $\phi_w R_{bx}$ (kN)											
			End Bearing ( $c < 1.5 d_1$ )						Interior Bearing ( $c \geq 1.5 d_1$ )					
			Bearing Length, $L_b$ (mm)						Bearing Length, $L_b$ (mm)					
			25	50	75	100	125	150	25	50	75	100	125	150
64 x 41 x 1.55 LC - G450	1.90	86.1	6.30	7.83	9.00	10.0	10.9	11.6	14.4	16.5	18.1	19.5	20.7	21.9
64 x 41 x 1.15 LC - G500	1.43	87.3	4.01	5.04	5.83	6.50	7.09	7.62	8.76	10.2	11.3	12.2	13.0	13.8
64 x 41 x 0.95 LC - G550	1.19	87.9	3.08	3.90	4.53	5.07	5.53	5.96	6.54	7.67	8.54	9.27	9.92	10.5
64 x 41 x 0.75 LC - G550	0.941	88.5	1.78	2.27	2.65	2.96	3.24	3.50	3.62	4.29	4.81	5.24	5.62	5.97

NOTES:

1. Calculations of section capacities are in accordance with AS/NZS 4600.
2. Thickness refers to the base metal thickness (BMT).
3. Steel grades are in accordance with AS 1397.
4. The design yield stress and design tensile strength are reduced in accordance with AS/NZS 4600 Clause 1.5.1.1 where appropriate.

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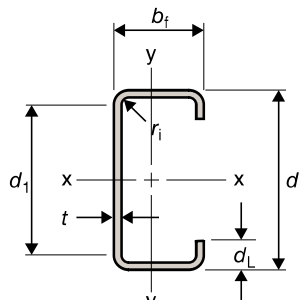
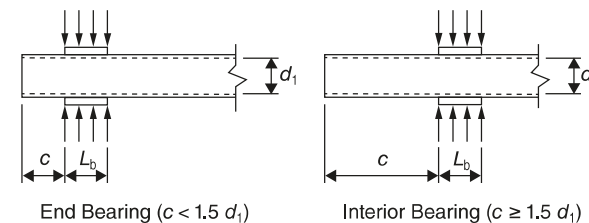


Table 2.6  
**WEB BEARING CAPACITY**  
Two Flange Loading or Reaction



Designation	Mass per metre	1.5 d <sub>1</sub>	Design Web Bearing Capacity, $\phi_w R_{bx}$ (kN)											
			End Bearing ( $c < 1.5 d_1$ )						Interior Bearing ( $c \geq 1.5 d_1$ )					
			Bearing Length, $L_b$ (mm)						Bearing Length, $L_b$ (mm)					
			25	50	75	100	125	150	25	50	75	100	125	150
64 x 41 x 1.55 LC - G450	1.90	86.1	7.87	8.42	8.84	9.19	9.50	9.78	16.1	18.7	20.6	22.2	23.7	24.9
64 x 41 x 1.15 LC - G500	1.43	87.3	4.33	4.67	4.93	5.15	5.34	5.52	8.70	10.2	11.3	12.3	13.1	13.9
64 x 41 x 0.95 LC - G550	1.19	87.9	2.99	3.25	3.44	3.60	3.75	3.88	5.80	6.84	7.64	8.32	8.92	9.45
64 x 41 x 0.75 LC - G550	0.941	88.5	1.48	1.62	1.73	1.82	1.89	1.96	2.62	3.12	3.51	3.83	4.12	4.38

NOTES:

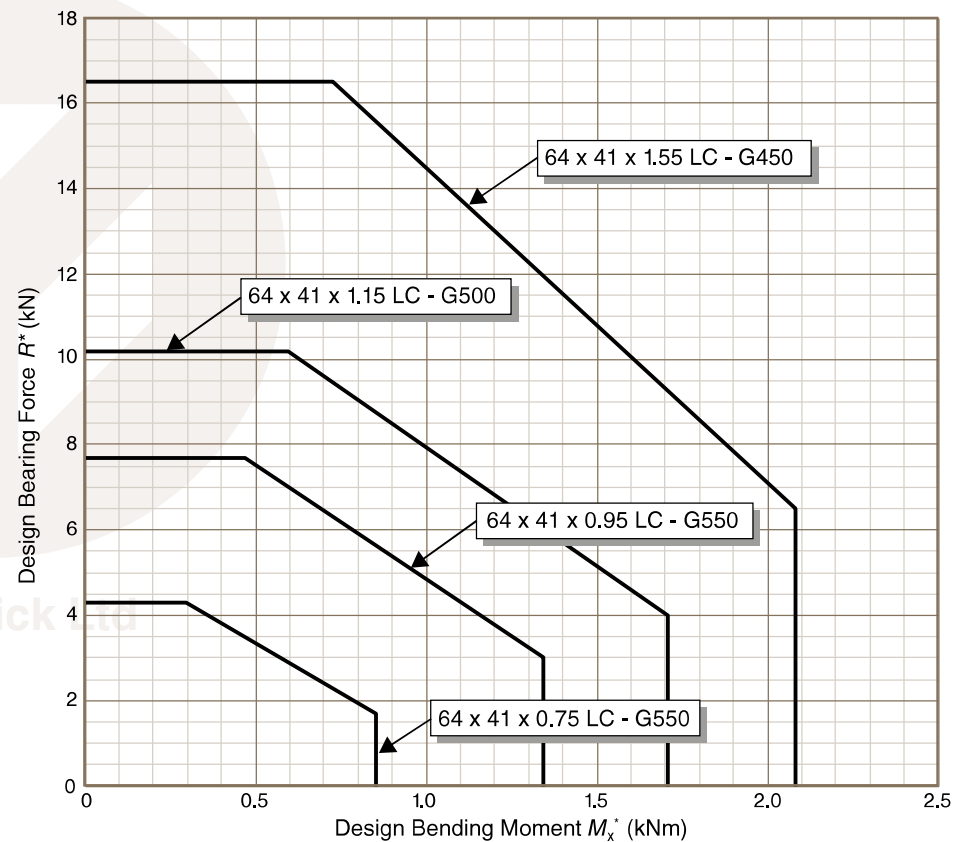
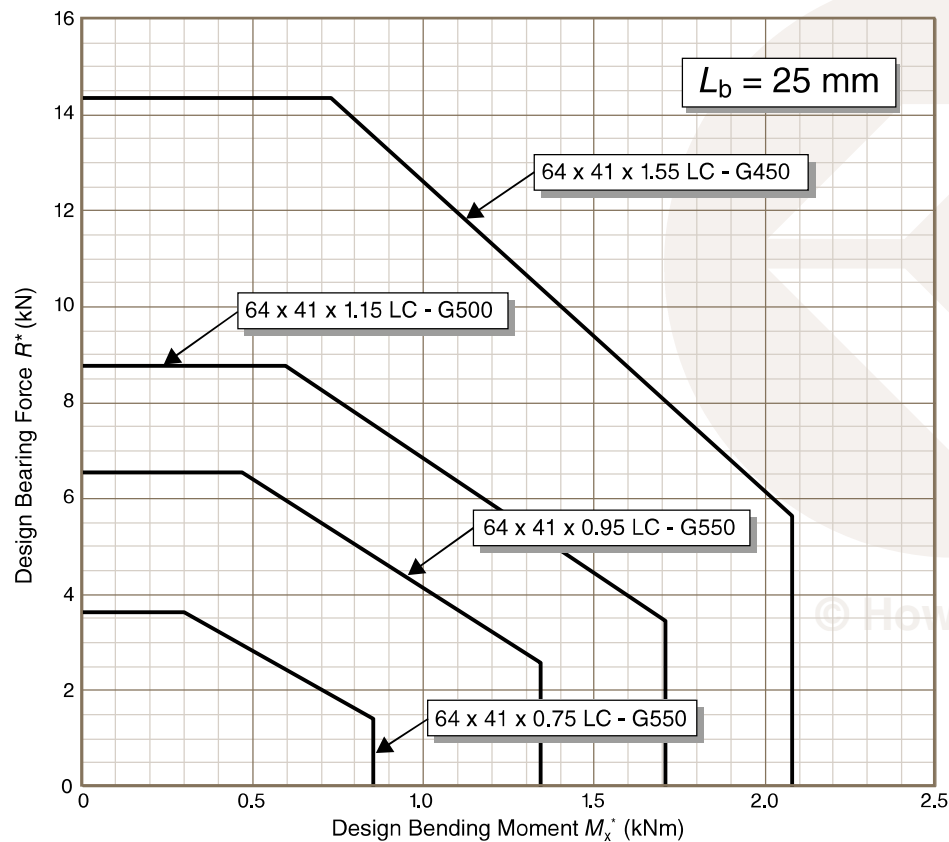
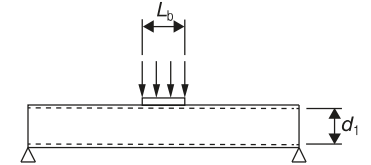
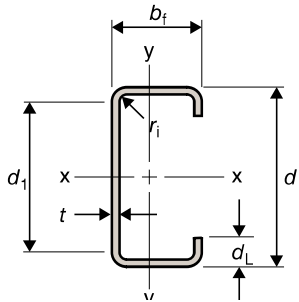
1. Calculations of section capacities are in accordance with AS/NZS 4600.
2. Thickness refers to the base metal thickness (BMT).
3. Steel grades are in accordance with AS 1397.
4. The design yield stress and design tensile strength are reduced in accordance with AS/NZS 4600 Clause 1.5.1.1 where appropriate.

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Graph 2.7

## COMBINED BENDING & BEARING

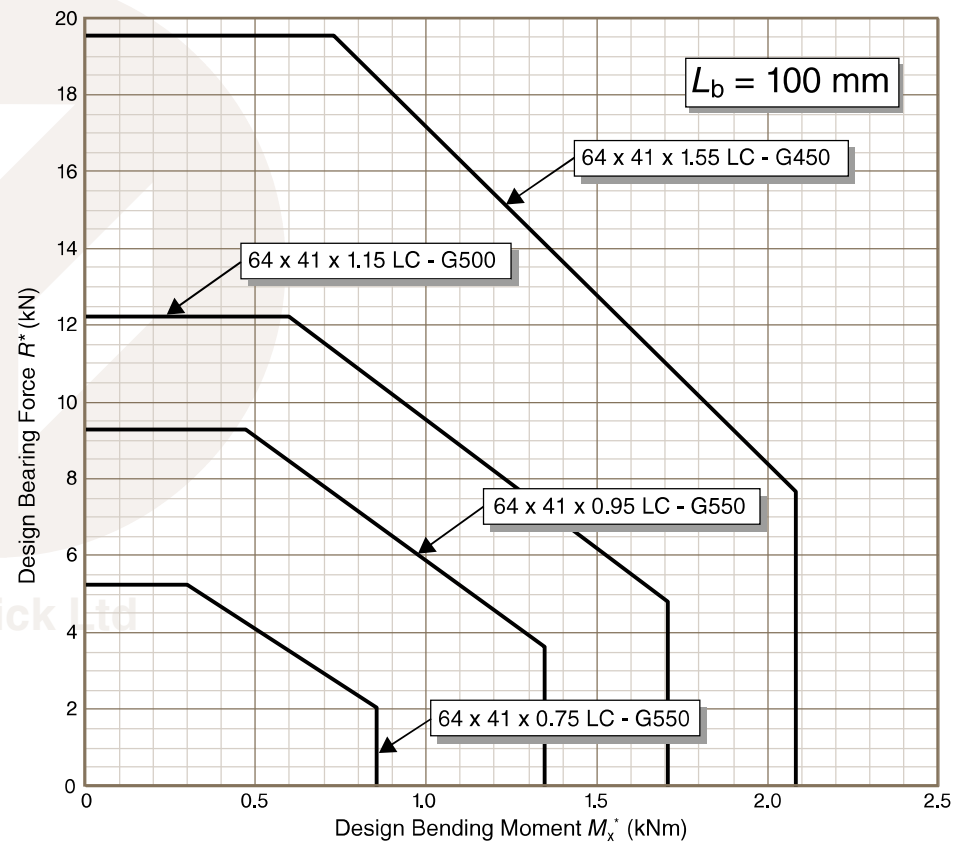
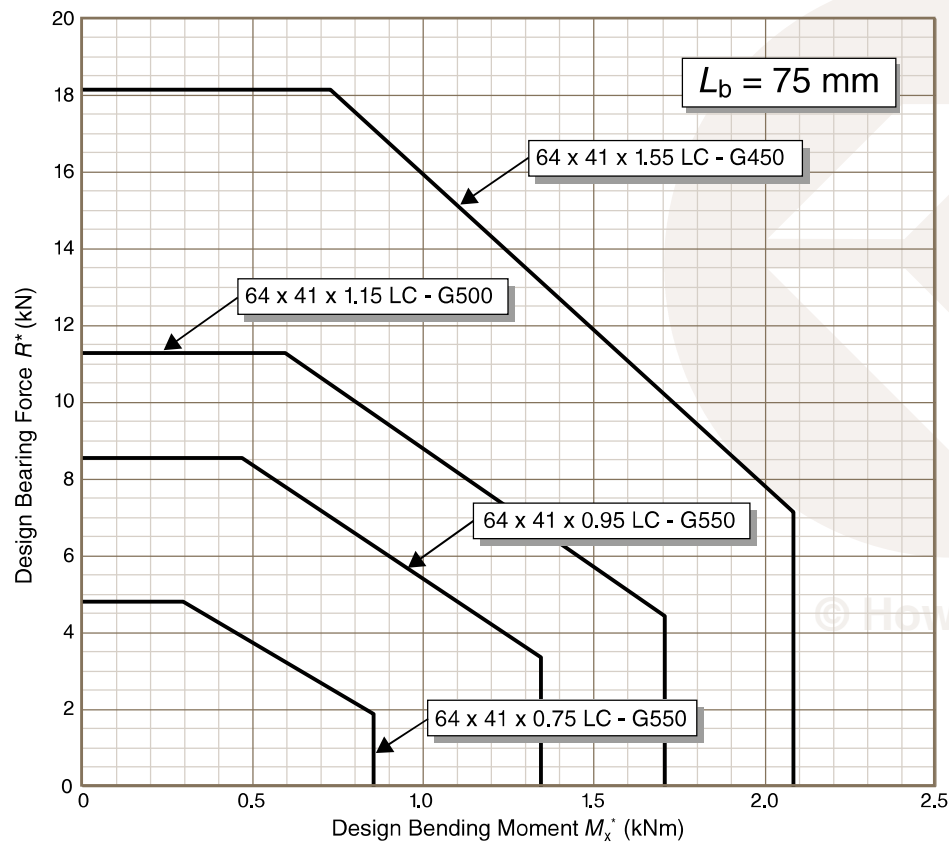
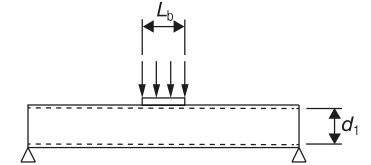
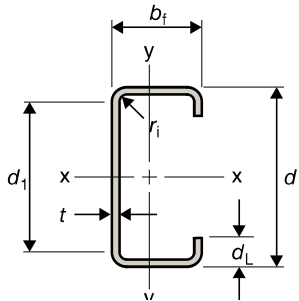
bending about x-axis



Graph 2.8

## COMBINED BENDING & BEARING

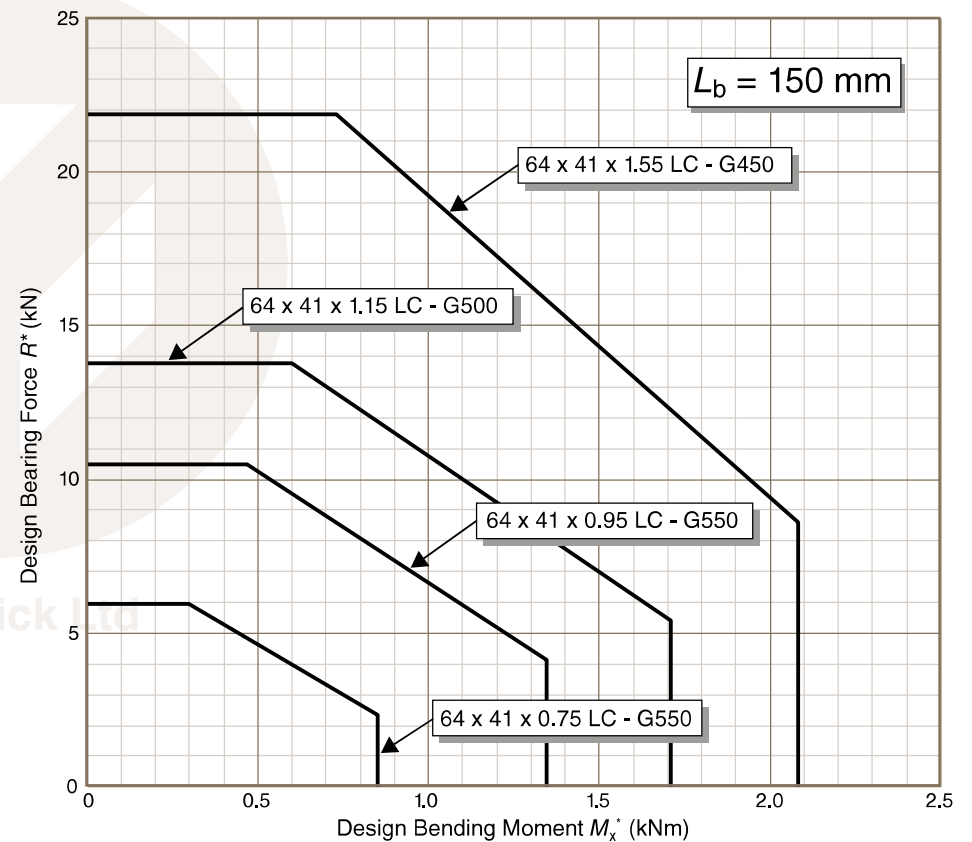
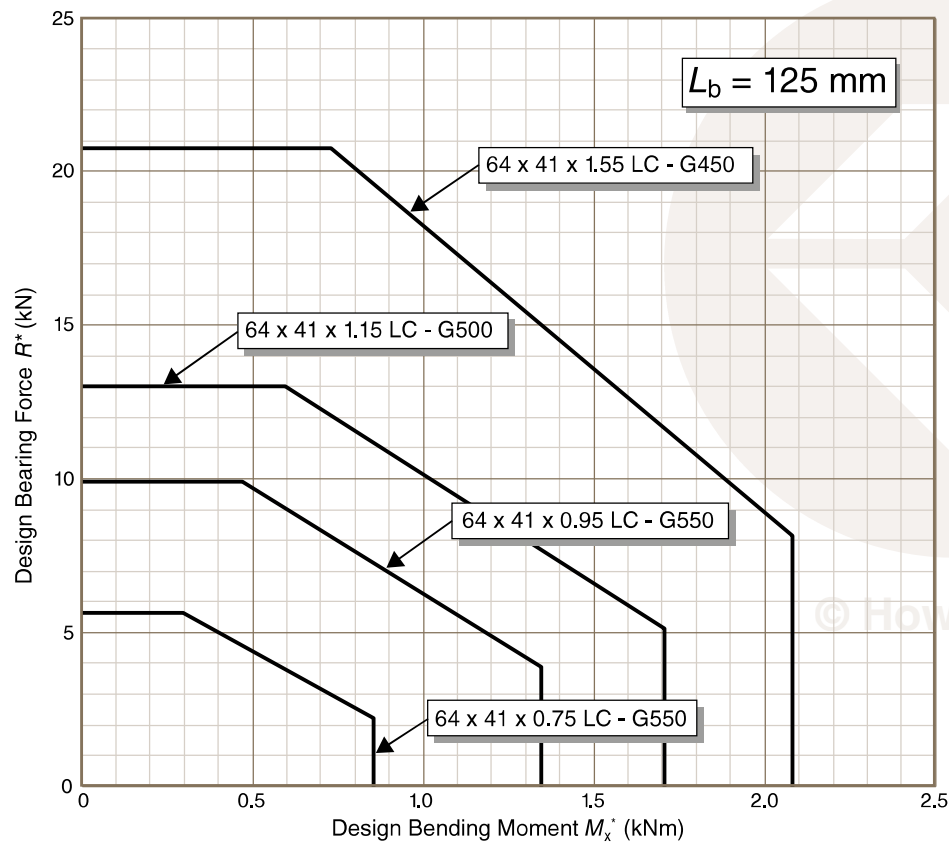
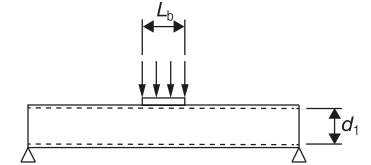
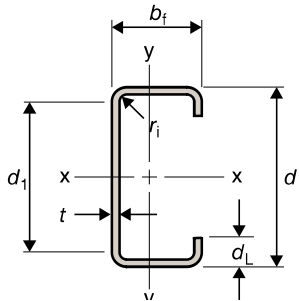
bending about x-axis



Graph 2.9

## COMBINED BENDING & BEARING

bending about x-axis



## **Part 3: Members subject to Axial Compression**

### **CONTENTS**

#### **Part 3: Members subject to Axial Compression**

Table 3.1: Axial Compression Capacity

Graph 3.1: Axial Compression Capacity

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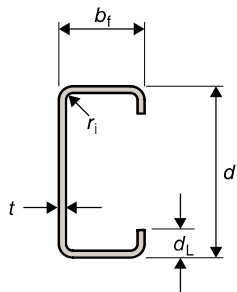
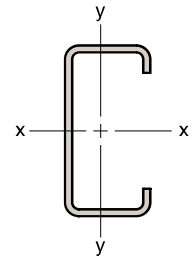


Table 3.1  
**AXIAL COMPRESSION CAPACITY**

$$L_{ex} = L_{ey} = L_{ez}$$

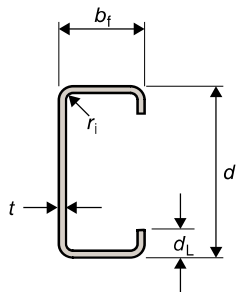


Designation	Mass per metre	Buckling Capacities		Design Axial Compression Capacities, $\phi_c N_c$ (kN)													
		Local $\phi_c N_s$	Distortional $\phi_c N_{cd}$	Effective Length ( $L_e$ ) in metres													
		kN	kN	0.2	0.3	0.6	0.9	1.2	1.5	1.8	2.1	2.4	2.7	3	3.3	3.6	4
64 x 41 x 1.55 LC - G450	1.90	86.5	72.3	80.0	80.0	64.8	43.5	27.3	19.0	14.5	11.7	9.92	8.64	7.68	6.95	6.31	5.11
64 x 41 x 1.15 LC - G500	1.43	57.0	49.7	55.4	53.3	43.8	31.9	19.2	12.9	9.53	7.47	6.12	5.19	4.51	4.01	3.61	3.21
64 x 41 x 0.95 LC - G550	1.19	44.1	39.3	42.7	41.0	33.2	23.4	15.6	10.3	7.50	5.77	4.65	3.88	3.32	2.91	2.59	2.27
64 x 41 x 0.75 LC - G550	0.941	27.6	26.0	26.8	25.9	21.4	15.7	10.9	7.97	5.69	4.31	3.42	2.80	2.36	2.03	1.78	1.53

NOTES:

1. Calculations of section capacities are in accordance with AS/NZS 4600.
2. Thickness refers to the base metal thickness (BMT).
3. Steel grades are in accordance with AS 1397.
4. The design yield stress and design tensile strength are reduced in accordance with AS/NZS 4600 Clause 1.5.1.1 where appropriate.
5. Refer to Graph 3.1 for the limits of the local and distortional design moment capacities.
6. The effective length  $L_e = L_{ex} = L_{ey} = L_{ez}$ .

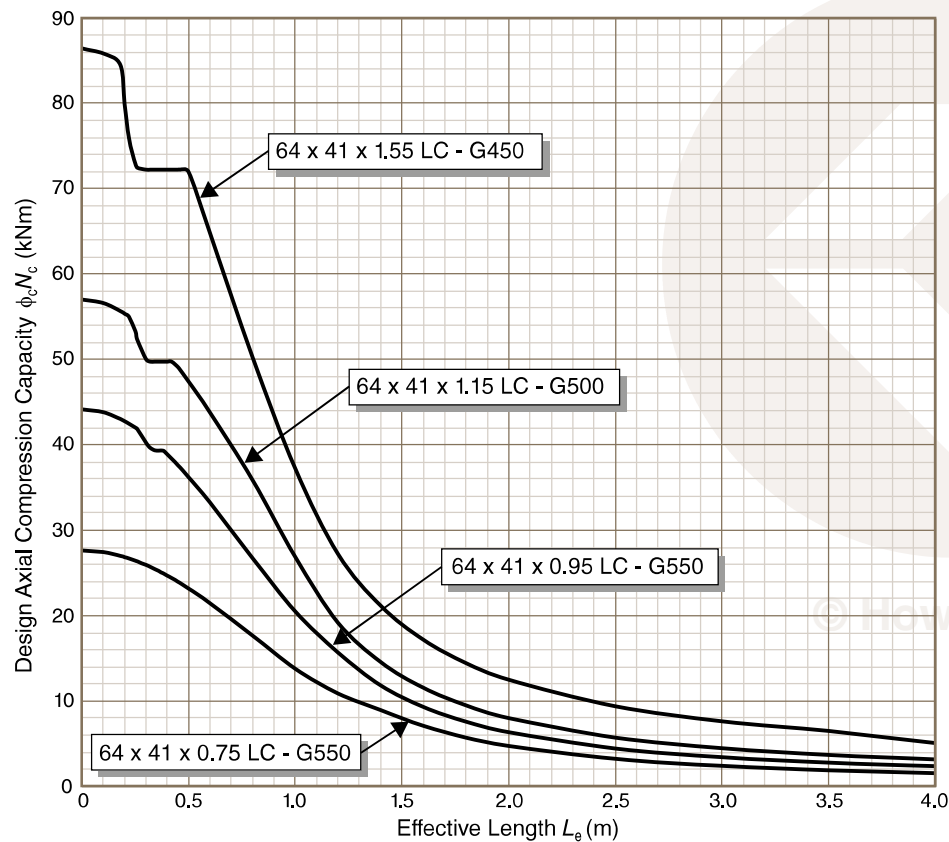
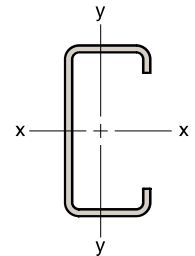
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Graph 3.1

## AXIAL COMPRESSION CAPACITY

$$L_{ex} = L_{ey} = L_{ez}$$



### NOTES:

1. Calculations of section capacities are in accordance with AS/NZS 4600.
2. Thickness refers to the base metal thickness (BMT).
3. Steel grades are in accordance with AS 1397.
4. The design yield stress and design tensile strength are reduced in accordance with AS/NZS 4600 Clause 1.5.1.1 where appropriate.
5. The effective length  $L_e = L_{ex} = L_{ey} = L_{ez}$ .

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## **Part 4: Members subject to Axial Tension**

### **CONTENTS**

#### **Part 4: Members subject to Axial Tension**

Table 4.1: Axial Tension Capacity



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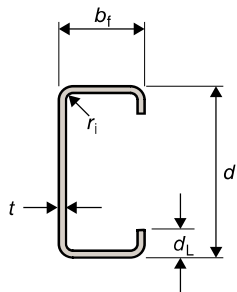
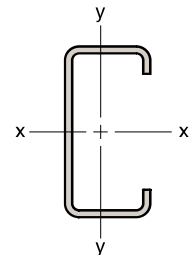


Table 4.1  
**AXIAL TENSION CAPACITIES**  
with and without holes



Designation	Mass per metre	Design Axial Tension Capacity, $\phi_t N_t$ (kN)														
		Uniform Tension	Web Connected							Both Flanges Connected						
			Total hole Width, $w_h$ (m)							Total hole Width, $w_h$ (m)						
	kg/m	(NO Holes)	0	10	20	25	30	35	40	0	10	20	25	30	35	40
64 x 41 x 1.55 LC - G450	1.90	97.9	75.5	70.6	65.8	63.4	61.0	58.5	56.1	75.5	70.6	65.8	63.4	61.0	58.5	56.1
64 x 41 x 1.15 LC - G500	1.43	81.7	61.4	57.5	53.6	51.7	49.7	47.8	45.9	61.4	57.5	53.6	51.7	49.7	47.8	45.9
64 x 41 x 0.95 LC - G550	1.19	74.7	54.0	50.6	47.2	45.5	43.8	42.1	40.4	54.0	50.6	47.2	45.5	43.8	42.1	40.4
64 x 41 x 0.75 LC - G550	0.941	53.4	38.6	36.2	33.8	32.6	31.4	30.1	28.9	38.6	36.2	33.8	32.6	31.4	30.1	28.9

NOTES:

1. Calculations of section capacities are in accordance with AS/NZS 4600.
2. Thickness refers to the base metal thickness (BMT).
3. Steel grades are in accordance with AS 1397.
4. The design yield stress and design tensile strength are reduced in accordance with AS/NZS 4600 Clause 1.5.1.1 where appropriate.

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## **Part 5: Members subject to Combined Actions**

### **CONTENTS**

#### **Part 5: Members subject to Combined Actions**

Table 5.1: Section & Yield Capacities

Table 5.2: Elastic Buckling Load (x-axis)

Table 5.3: Elastic Buckling Load (y-axis)

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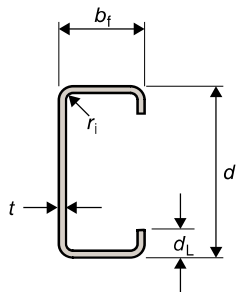
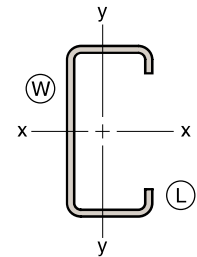


Table 5.1  
**SECTION & YIELD CAPACITIES**



Designation	Mass per m kg/m	Design Section Axial Capacities		Design Section Moment Capacities			Design Yield Moment Capacities (Tension)		
		Tension	Compression	about x-axis	about y-axis		about x-axis	about y-axis	
		$\phi_t N_t$	$\phi_c N_s$	$\phi_b M_{sx}$	$\phi_b M_{syL}$	$\phi_b M_{syW}$	$\phi_b M_{sxt}$	$\phi_b M_{syfL}$	$\phi_b M_{syfW}$
		kN	kN	kNm	kNm	kNm	kNm	kNm	kNm
64 x 41 x 1.55 LC - G450	1.90	97.9	86.5	2.08	0.860	0.860	2.08	0.860	1.49
64 x 41 x 1.15 LC - G500	1.43	81.7	57.0	1.71	0.736	0.673	1.76	0.736	1.27
64 x 41 x 0.95 LC - G550	1.19	74.7	44.1	1.34	0.681	0.529	1.62	0.681	1.18
64 x 41 x 0.75 LC - G550	0.941	53.4	27.6	0.853	0.490	0.337	1.17	0.493	0.852

NOTES:

1. Calculations of section capacities are in accordance with AS/NZS 4600.
2. Thickness refers to the base metal thickness (BMT).
3. Steel grades are in accordance with AS 1397.
4. The design yield stress and design tensile strength are reduced in accordance with AS/NZS 4600 Clause 1.5.1.1 where appropriate.
5.  $\phi_b M_{syL}$  and  $\phi_b M_{syW}$  refer to bending about the y-axis causing compression in the lips and web of the channel respectively.
6.  $\phi_b M_{syfL}$  and  $\phi_b M_{syfW}$  are the design yield moments for bending about the y-axis causing tension in the lips and web of the channel respectively.
7. Capacities are calculated for an equal flange lipped channel using the average flange width.

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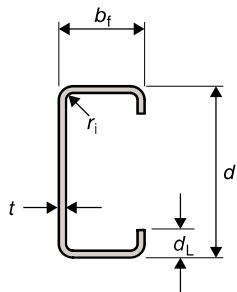
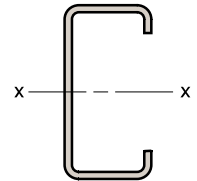


Table 5.2  
**ELASTIC BUCKLING LOAD**  
buckling about x-axis



Designation	Mass per metre	Elastic Buckling Load, $N_{ex}$ (kN)													
		Effective Length, $L_{ex}$ (m)													
		0.6	1.2	1.5	1.8	2.1	2.4	2.7	3	3.3	3.6	4	4.5	5	6
64 x 41 x 1.55 LC - G450	1.90	895	224	143	99.4	73.0	55.9	44.2	35.8	29.6	24.9	20.1	15.9	12.9	8.95
64 x 41 x 1.15 LC - G500	1.43	681	170	109	75.7	55.6	42.6	33.7	27.3	22.5	18.9	15.3	12.1	9.81	6.81
64 x 41 x 0.95 LC - G550	1.19	570	143	91.3	63.4	46.6	35.6	28.2	22.8	18.9	15.8	12.8	10.1	8.21	5.70
64 x 41 x 0.75 LC - G550	0.941	456	114	73.0	50.7	37.2	28.5	22.5	18.2	15.1	12.7	10.3	8.11	6.57	4.56

NOTES:

1. Calculations of section capacities are in accordance with AS/NZS 4600.
2. Thickness refers to the base metal thickness (BMT).
3. Steel grades are in accordance with AS 1397.
4. The design yield stress and design tensile strength are reduced in accordance with AS/NZS 4600 Clause 1.5.1.1 where appropriate.

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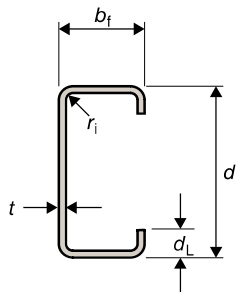
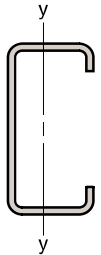


Table 5.3  
**ELASTIC BUCKLING LOAD**  
buckling about y-axis



Designation	Mass per metre	Elastic Buckling Load, $N_{ey}$ (kN)													
		Effective Length, $L_{ey}$ (m)													
		0.6	1.2	1.5	1.8	2.1	2.4	2.7	3.0	3.3	3.6	4.0	4.5	5.0	6.0
64 x 41 x 1.55 LC - G450	1.90	305	76.2	48.8	33.9	24.9	19.1	15.1	12.2	10.1	8.47	6.86	5.42	4.39	3.05
64 x 41 x 1.15 LC - G500	1.43	235	58.7	37.6	26.1	19.2	14.7	11.6	9.39	7.76	6.52	5.28	4.17	3.38	2.35
64 x 41 x 0.95 LC - G550	1.19	197	49.4	31.6	21.9	16.1	12.3	9.75	7.90	6.53	5.49	4.44	3.51	2.84	1.97
64 x 41 x 0.75 LC - G550	0.941	159	39.7	25.4	17.6	13.0	9.92	7.84	6.35	5.25	4.41	3.57	2.82	2.29	1.59

NOTES:

1. Calculations of section capacities are in accordance with AS/NZS 4600.
2. Thickness refers to the base metal thickness (BMT).
3. Steel grades are in accordance with AS 1397.
4. The design yield stress and design tensile strength are reduced in accordance with AS/NZS 4600 Clause 1.5.1.1 where appropriate.

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## Part 6: MEMBERS with LIPS REMOVED

### CONTENTS

#### Part 6: Members with Lips Removed

##### General

Table 6.1	Dimensions & Section Properties
Table 6.2	Section Properties to Calculate Member Stability
Table 6.3:	Section & Yield Capacities
Table 6.4:	Axial Compression Capacity
Graph 6.1:	Combined Bending & Shear (bending about y-axis)

### GENERAL

When these lipped channel sections are used in frames and trusses, there will be instances where the lips of the sections are removed at the location of the connections. This part of the document provides design tables and graphs which will aid in the design of the unlipoped sections produced by removing the lips. The diagram below illustrates the portion of the section which is removed.

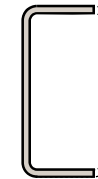
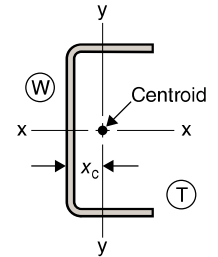
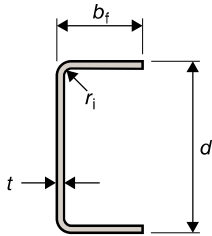


Table 6.1

**DIMENSIONS & SECTION PROPERTIES**

Lips Removed



DIMENSIONS							SECTION PROPERTIES							
Designation	Depth	Flange Width	Thickness	Inside Corner Radius	Co-ord. of Centroid	Mass per metre	Gross Section Area	About x-axis			About y-axis			
	$d$	$b_f$	$t$	$r_i$	$x_c$		$A_g$	$I_x$	$Z_x$	$r_x$	$I_y$	$Z_{yL}$	$Z_{yW}$	$r_y$
	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	kg/m	mm <sup>2</sup>	10 <sup>6</sup> mm <sup>4</sup>	10 <sup>3</sup> mm <sup>3</sup>	mm	10 <sup>6</sup> mm <sup>4</sup>	10 <sup>3</sup> mm <sup>3</sup>	10 <sup>3</sup> mm <sup>3</sup>	mm
64 x 41 x 1.55 LC-LR - G450	63.5	38.3	1.55	1.5	11.2	1.64	209	0.139	4.39	25.8	0.0317	1.17	2.84	12.3
64 x 41 x 1.15 LC-LR - G500	63.5	38.7	1.15	1.5	11.2	1.23	157	0.106	3.35	26.0	0.0246	0.897	2.20	12.5
64 x 41 x 0.95 LC-LR - G550	63.5	38.9	0.95	1.5	11.2	1.03	131	0.0891	2.81	26.1	0.0208	0.752	1.86	12.6
64 x 41 x 0.75 LC-LR - G550	63.5	39.1	0.75	1.5	11.2	0.815	104	0.0713	2.25	26.2	0.0168	0.603	1.50	12.7

## NOTES:

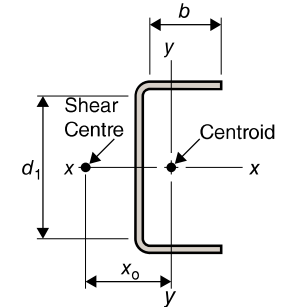
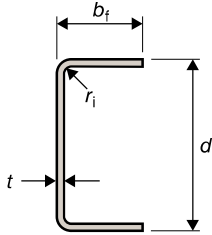
1. Calculations of section properties are in accordance with AS/NZS 4600.
2. Thickness refers to the base metal thickness (BMT).

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Table 6.2

## SECTION PROPERTIES TO CALCULATE MEMBER STABILITY

Lips Removed



DIMENSIONS								RATIOS		PROPERTIES					MATERIAL		
Designation	Depth	Flange Width	Thick-ness	Inside Corner Radius	Flat Web Depth	Flat Flange Width	Mass per metre	Web	Flange	Shear Centre Co-ord.	Polar Rad. of Gyration about S.C.	Mono-Symmetry Constant	Torsion Constant	Warping Constant	Grade	Design Yield Stress	Design Tensile Strength
	$d$	$b_f$	$t$	$r_i$	$d_1$	$b$		$d_1/t$	$b/t$	$x_o$	$r_{o1}$	$\beta_y$	$J$	$I_w$		$f_y$	$f_u$
	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	kg/m			mm	mm		mm <sup>4</sup>	10 <sup>6</sup> mm <sup>6</sup>		MPa	MPa
64 x 41 x 1.55 LC-LR - G450	63.5	38.3	1.55	1.5	57.4	35.2	1.64	37.0	22.7	24.9	37.9	79.3	168	21.5	G450	450	480
64 x 41 x 1.15 LC-LR - G500	63.5	38.7	1.15	1.5	58.2	36.0	1.23	50.6	31.3	25.4	38.5	80.2	69.3	16.9	G500	500	520
64 x 41 x 0.95 LC-LR - G550	63.5	38.9	0.95	1.5	58.6	36.4	1.03	61.7	38.3	25.7	38.7	80.7	39.3	14.4	G550	550	550
64 x 41 x 0.75 LC-LR - G550	63.5	39.1	0.75	1.5	59.0	36.8	0.815	78.7	49.1	25.9	39.0	81.2	19.5	11.7	G550	495	495

## NOTES:

1. Calculations of section capacities are in accordance with AS/NZS 4600.
2. Thickness refers to the base metal thickness (BMT).
3. Steel grades are in accordance with AS 1397.
4. The design yield stress and design tensile strength are reduced in accordance with AS/NZS 4600 Clause 1.5.1.1 where appropriate.

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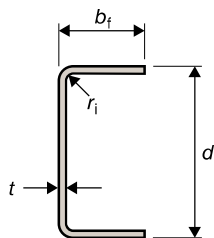
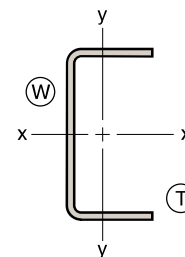


Table 6.3  
**SECTION & YIELD CAPACITIES**  
Lips Removed



Designation	Mass per m kg/m	Design Section Axial Capacities		Design Section Moment Capacities			Design Yield Moment Capacities (Tension)		
		Tension $\phi_t N_t$	Compression $\phi_c N_s$	about x-axis $\phi_b M_{sx}$	about y-axis		about x-axis $\phi_b M_{sxf}$	about y-axis	
		kN	kN	kNm	$\phi_b M_{syT}$	$\phi_b M_{syW}$	kNm	$\phi_b M_{syfT}$	$\phi_b M_{syfW}$
64 x 41 x 1.55 LC-LR - G450	1.64	84.7	55.8	1.32	0.397	0.475	1.78	0.475	1.15
64 x 41 x 1.15 LC-LR - G500	1.23	70.8	36.0	0.867	0.263	0.404	1.51	0.404	0.992
64 x 41 x 0.95 LC-LR - G550	1.03	64.7	27.5	0.668	0.204	0.328	1.39	0.372	0.922
64 x 41 x 0.75 LC-LR - G550	0.815	46.3	17.1	0.417	0.128	0.209	1.00	0.269	0.670

NOTES:

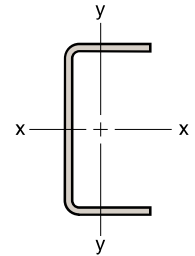
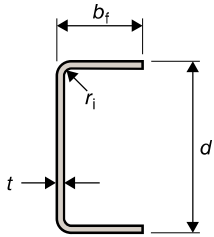
1. Calculations of section capacities are in accordance with AS/NZS 4600.
2. Thickness refers to the base metal thickness (BMT).
3. Steel grades are in accordance with AS 1397.
4. The design yield stress and design tensile strength are reduced in accordance with AS/NZS 4600 Clause 1.5.1.1 where appropriate.
5.  $\phi_b M_{syT}$  and  $\phi_b M_{syW}$  refer to bending about the y-axis causing compression in the toes and web of the channel respectively.
6.  $\phi_b M_{syfT}$  and  $\phi_b M_{syfW}$  are the design yield moment capacities for bending about the y-axis causing tension in the toes and web of the channel respectively.
7. All section moment capacities are applicable for unrestrained lengths up to 400 mm. Lips removed for more than this length is not expected.
8. Capacities are calculated for an equal flange channel using the average flange width.

Table 6.4

**AXIAL COMPRESSION CAPACITY**

$$L_{ex} = L_{ey} = L_{ez}$$

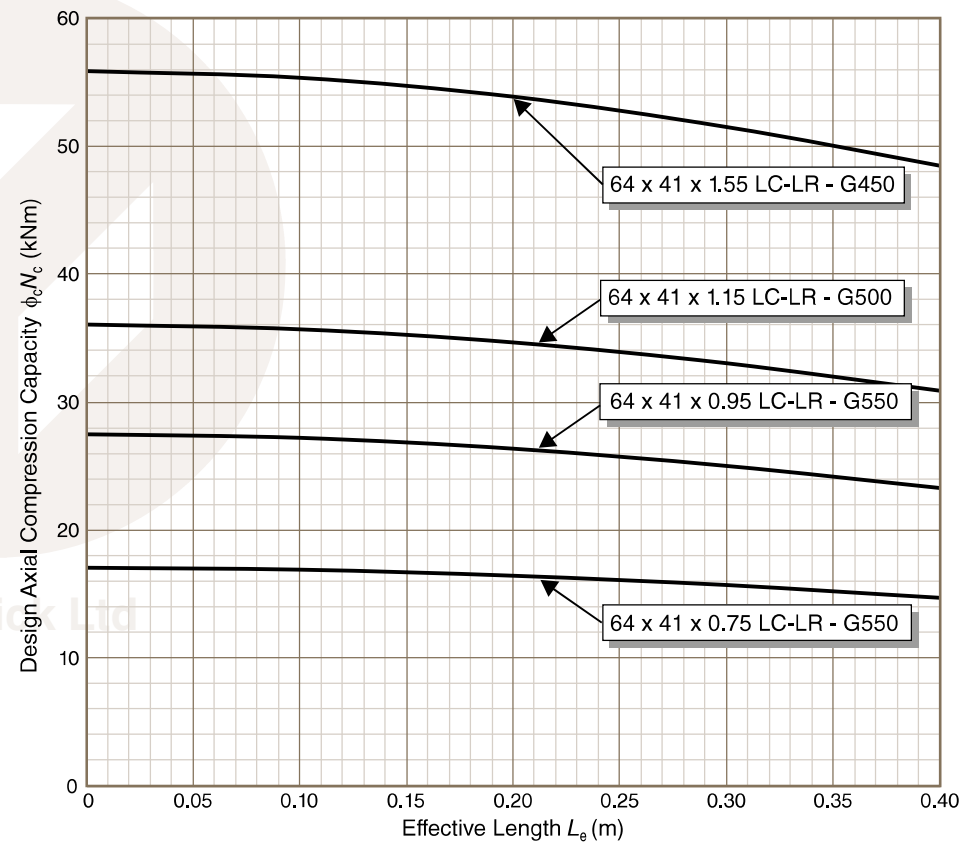
Lips Removed



Designation	Mass per metre	Design Axial Compression Capacity, $\phi_c N_c$ (kN)					
		Effective Length ( $L_e$ ) in metres					
	kg/m	0.0	0.10	0.20	0.30	0.35	0.40
64 x 41 x 1.55 LC-LR - G450	1.64	55.8	55.3	53.8	51.5	50.1	48.5
64 x 41 x 1.15 LC-LR - G500	1.23	36.0	35.7	34.6	33.0	32.0	30.9
64 x 41 x 0.95 LC-LR - G550	1.03	27.5	27.2	26.4	25.1	24.2	23.3
64 x 41 x 0.75 LC-LR - G550	0.815	17.1	16.9	16.5	15.7	15.3	14.7

## NOTES:

1. Calculations of section capacities are in accordance with AS/NZS 4600.
2. Thickness refers to the base metal thickness (BMT).
3. Steel grades are in accordance with AS 1397.
4. The design yield stress and design tensile strength are reduced in accordance with AS/NZS 4600.
5. Refer to Graph 3.1 for the limits of the local and distortional design moment capacities.
6. The effective length  $L_e = L_{ex} = L_{ey} = L_{ez}$ .

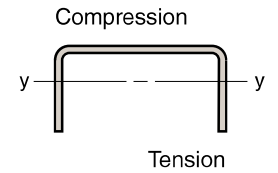
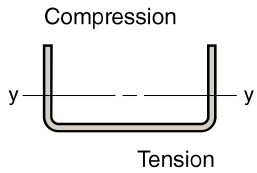


Graph 6.1

# **COMBINED BENDING & SHEAR**

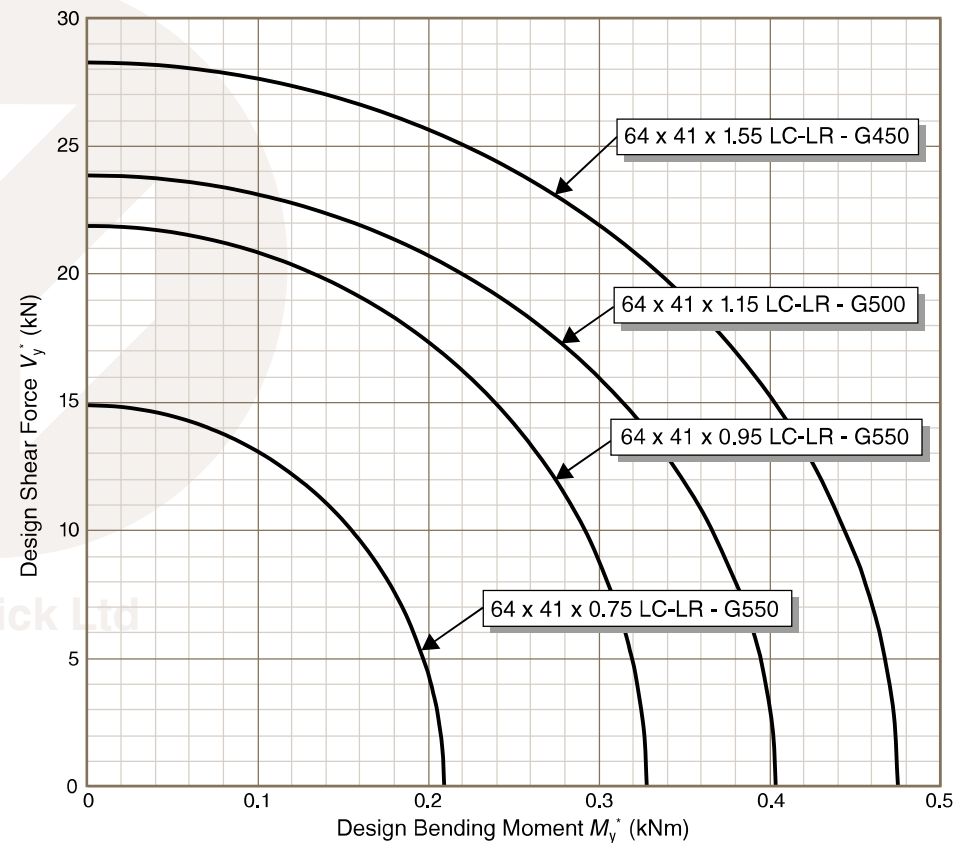
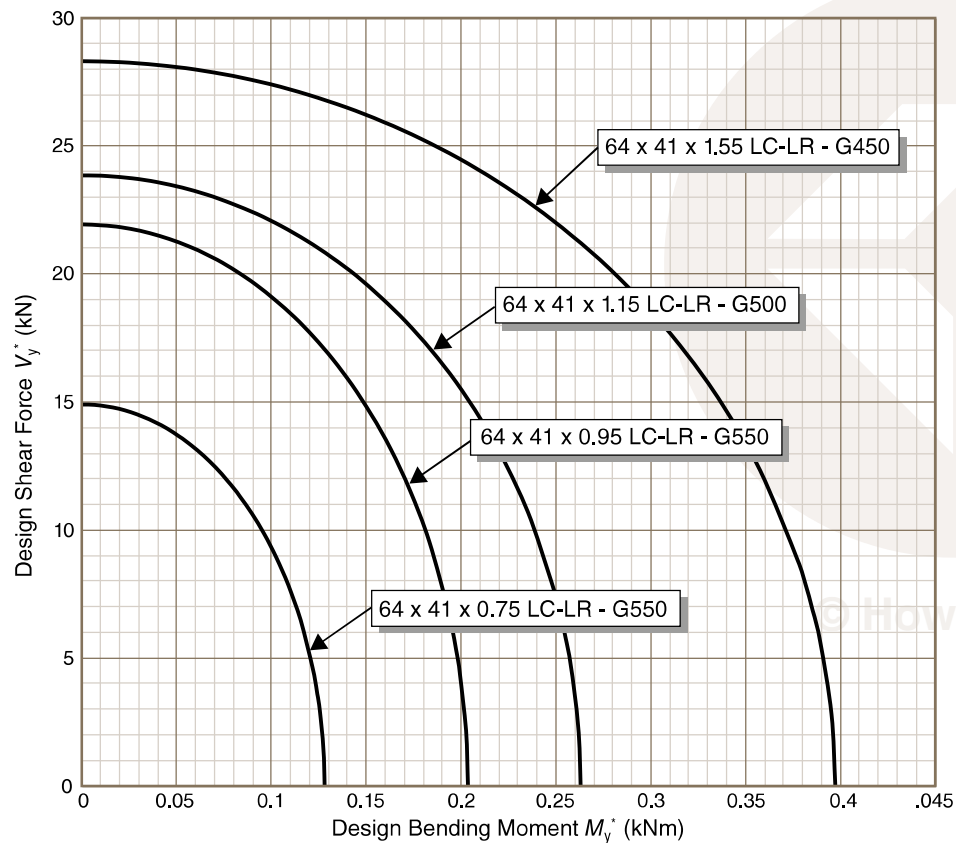
bending about y-axis

Lips Removed



Toes in Compression

Web in Compression



# Part 7: Wall Framing Design Capacities

## CONTENTS

### Part 7: Wall Framing Design Capacities

Table 7.1: Wall stud Design Capacities - Unclad

Table 7.1: Wall stud Design Capacities - Clad Both Sides

Table 7.2: Wall Plate Design Capacities

## GENERAL

This part of the Design Capacity tables provide capacities which may be used for the design of the sections as wall studs and wall plates. Three typical wall heights are specified for the wall studs.

The NASH wall stud and plate classifications for both Australia and New Zealand are also included in the tables for each section. These are based on the minimum properties and capacities given in the NASH references.

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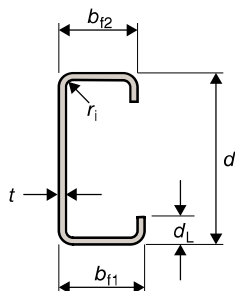
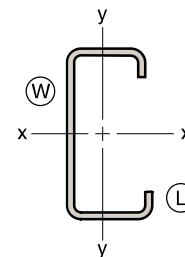


Table 7.1  
**WALL STUD**  
**DESIGN CAPACITIES**  
Unclad



Designation	Mass per metre	Design Properties and Capacities									NASH Wall Stud Classification	
		Lateral Actions				Compression		Tension	Combined Actions			
	$I_x$	$\phi_b M_{sx}$	$\phi_b M_{bx}$	$\phi_v V_{vx}$	$\phi_c N_s$	$\phi_c N_c$	$\phi_t N_t$	$\phi_b M_{sxf}$	$N_{ex}$	Australia	New Zealand	
	kg/m	10 <sup>6</sup> mm <sup>4</sup>	kNm	kNm	kN	kN	kN	kN	kNm	kN		
Stud Height 2440 mm												
64 x 41 x 1.55 LC - G450	1.90	0.163	2.08	1.92	23.1	86.5	29.0	75.5	2.08	84.5	SC	SD
64 x 41 x 1.15 LC - G500	1.43	0.124	1.71	1.39	17.6	57.0	21.2	61.4	1.76	64.4	SC	SD
64 x 41 x 0.95 LC - G550	1.19	0.104	1.34	1.14	12.6	44.1	17.4	54.0	1.62	53.9	SC	SC
64 x 41 x 0.75 LC - G550	0.941	0.0832	0.853	0.775	6.22	27.6	11.8	38.6	1.17	43.1	SA	SB
Stud Height 2740 mm												
64 x 41 x 1.55 LC - G450	1.90	0.163	2.08	1.82	23.1	86.5	23.4	75.5	2.08	67.0	SC	SD
64 x 41 x 1.15 LC - G500	1.43	0.124	1.71	1.39	17.6	57.0	17.0	61.4	1.76	51.1	SC	SB
64 x 41 x 0.95 LC - G550	1.19	0.104	1.34	1.14	12.6	44.1	14.0	54.0	1.62	42.7	SB	SB
64 x 41 x 0.75 LC - G550	0.941	0.0832	0.853	0.762	6.22	27.6	10.2	38.6	1.17	34.2	SA	SB
Stud Height 3040 mm												
64 x 41 x 1.55 LC - G450	1.90	0.163	2.08	1.92	23.1	86.5	27.4	75.5	2.08	54.5	SC	SD
64 x 41 x 1.15 LC - G500	1.43	0.124	1.71	1.39	17.6	57.0	20.5	61.4	1.76	41.5	SC	SD
64 x 41 x 0.95 LC - G550	1.19	0.104	1.34	1.14	12.6	44.1	17.1	54.0	1.62	34.7	SC	SC
64 x 41 x 0.75 LC - G550	0.941	0.0832	0.853	0.775	6.22	27.6	11.7	38.6	1.17	27.8	SA	SC

## Wall Stud Design Assumptions

Effective Lengths for Design			
Stud Height (mm)	2440	2740	3040
No. of Noggings	1	1	2
$L_{ex}$ (mm)	1952	2192	2432
$L_{ey}$ (mm)	976	1096	810
$L_{ez}$ (mm)	976	1096	810

### NOTES:

1. Noggings are equally spaced.
2. Lateral restraint is assumed to be provided by noggings only. Additional lateral restraint provided by cladding is ignored.
3. Both flanges of the stud are restrained by the top and bottom plates and the noggings.
4. Effective lengths are taken as 80% of the distance between restraints in accordance with NASH Handbook Clause 3.4.2.
5. No allowance has been made for holes in the web of the stud.

Symbol	Description
$I_x$	second moment of area about the major principal x-axis
$\phi_c N_s$	design section capacity of a member in compression
$\phi_c N_c$	design member capacity of a member in compression
$\phi_b M_{sx}$	design section moment capacity about the x-axis
$\phi_b M_{bx}$	design member moment capacity about the x-axis
$\phi_b M_{sxf}$	design yield moment capacity about the x-axis
$\phi_v V_{vx}$	design shear capacity of the cross-section perpendicular to the x-axis
$N_{ex}$	elastic buckling load about the major principal x-axis
$\phi_t N_t$	design section capacity of a member in tension
$L_{ex}$	effective length for buckling about the major principal x-axis
$L_{ey}$	effective length for buckling about the minor principal y-axis
$L_{ez}$	effective length for torsional buckling about the longitudinal z-axis

## References

AS/NZS 4600 Cold-Formed Steel Structures.

NASH Standard (NZ), Residential and Low-Rise Steel Framing, Part 1: Design Criteria.

NASH Standard (Aust.), Residential and Low-Rise Steel Framing, Part 2: Design Solutions.

NASH Handbook (Aust.), Best Practice for Design and Construction of Residential and Low-Rise Steel Framing, Chapter 3.

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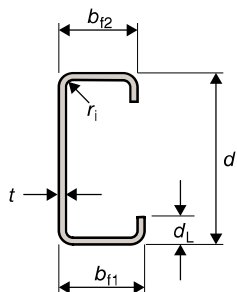
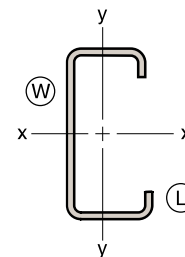


Table 7.2  
**WALL STUD**  
**DESIGN CAPACITIES**  
Clad Both Sides



Designation	Mass per metre	Design Properties and Capacities									NASH Wall Stud Classification	
		Lateral Actions				Compression		Tension	Combined Actions			
	$I_x$	$\phi_b M_{sx}$	$\phi_b M_{bx}$	$\phi_v V_{vx}$	$\phi_c N_s$	$\phi_c N_c$	$\phi_t N_t$	$\phi_b M_{sxf}$	$N_{ex}$	Australia	New Zealand	
	kg/m	10 <sup>6</sup> mm <sup>4</sup>	kNm	kNm	kN	kN	kN	kN	kNm	kN		
Stud Height 2440 mm												
64 x 41 x 1.55 LC - G450	1.90	0.163	2.08	1.92	23.1	86.5	43.0	75.5	2.08	84.5	SC	SD
64 x 41 x 1.15 LC - G500	1.43	0.124	1.71	1.39	17.6	57.0	32.3	61.4	1.76	64.4	SC	SD
64 x 41 x 0.95 LC - G550	1.19	0.104	1.34	1.14	12.6	44.1	24.0	54.0	1.62	53.9	SC	SC
64 x 41 x 0.75 LC - G550	0.941	0.0832	0.853	0.775	6.22	27.6	16.1	38.6	1.17	43.1	SA	SB
Stud Height 2740 mm												
64 x 41 x 1.55 LC - G450	1.90	0.163	2.08	1.92	23.1	86.5	37.7	75.5	2.08	67.0	SC	SD
64 x 41 x 1.15 LC - G500	1.43	0.124	1.71	1.39	17.6	57.0	28.6	61.4	1.76	51.1	SC	SD
64 x 41 x 0.95 LC - G550	1.19	0.104	1.34	1.14	12.6	44.1	21.5	54.0	1.62	42.7	SC	SC
64 x 41 x 0.75 LC - G550	0.941	0.0832	0.853	0.775	6.22	27.6	14.7	38.6	1.17	34.2	SA	SB
Stud Height 3040 mm												
64 x 41 x 1.55 LC - G450	1.90	0.163	2.08	1.92	23.1	86.5	32.4	75.5	2.08	54.5	SC	SD
64 x 41 x 1.15 LC - G500	1.43	0.124	1.71	1.39	17.6	57.0	24.5	61.4	1.76	41.5	SC	SD
64 x 41 x 0.95 LC - G550	1.19	0.104	1.34	1.14	12.6	44.1	19.4	54.0	1.62	34.7	SC	SC
64 x 41 x 0.75 LC - G550	0.941	0.0832	0.853	0.775	6.22	27.6	13.2	38.6	1.17	27.8	SA	SB

## Wall Stud Design Assumptions

Effective Lengths for Design			
Stud Height (mm)	2440	2740	3040
No. of Noggings	1	1	2
$L_{ex}$ (mm)	1952	2192	2432
$L_{ey}$ (mm)	600	600	600
$L_{ez}$ (mm)	600	600	600

### NOTES:

1. Noggings are equally spaced.
2. Lateral restraint is assumed to be provided the cladding.
3. Both flanges of the stud are restrained by the top and bottom plates, the nogging, and the cladding
4. Effective length  $L_{ex}$  is taken as 80% of the length of the stud in accordance with NASH Handbook Clause 3.4.2.
5. Effective lengths  $L_{ey}$  and  $L_{ez}$  are assumed to be as per the table above.
6. No allowance has been made for holes in the web of the stud.

Symbol	Description
$I_x$	second moment of area about the major principal x-axis
$\phi_c N_s$	design section capacity of a member in compression
$\phi_c N_c$	design member capacity of a member in compression
$\phi_b M_{sx}$	design section moment capacity about the x-axis
$\phi_b M_{bx}$	design member moment capacity about the x-axis
$\phi_b M_{sxf}$	design yield moment capacity about the x-axis
$\phi_v V_{vx}$	design shear capacity of the cross-section perpendicular to the x-axis
$N_{ex}$	elastic buckling load about the major principal x-axis
$\phi_t N_t$	design section capacity of a member in tension
$L_{ex}$	effective length for buckling about the major principal x-axis
$L_{ey}$	effective length for buckling about the minor principal y-axis
$L_{ez}$	effective length for torsional buckling about the longitudinal z-axis

### References

AS/NZS 4600 Cold-Formed Steel Structures.

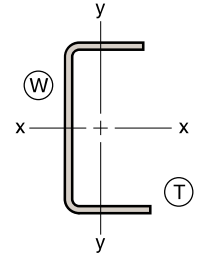
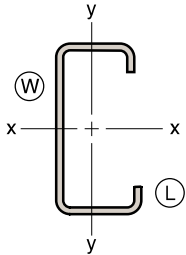
NASH Standard (NZ), Residential and Low-Rise Steel Framing, Part 1: Design Criteria.

NASH Standard (Aust.), Residential and Low-Rise Steel Framing, Part 2: Design Solutions.

NASH Handbook (Aust.), Best Practice for Design and Construction of Residential and Low-Rise Steel Framing, Chapter 3.

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Table 7.3  
**WALL PLATE  
DESIGN CAPACITIES**



Designation	Mass per metre	Design Properties and Capacities								NASH Wall Plate Classification	
		Full Lipped Channel (at midspan)				Channel Lips Removed (at supports)					
	$I_y$	$\phi_c N_c$	$\phi_b M_{byL}$	$\phi_b M_{byW}$	$\phi_c N_s$	$\phi_b M_{syT}$	$\phi_b M_{syW}$	$\phi_v V_{vy}$	Australia	New Zealand	
	kg/m	10 <sup>6</sup> mm <sup>4</sup>	kN	kNm	kNm	kN	kNm	kNm	kN		
64 x 41 x 1.55 LC - G450	1.90	0.0556	64.8	0.808	0.860	55.8	0.397	0.475	28.3	PC	PE
64 x 41 x 1.15 LC - G500	1.43	0.0428	43.8	0.593	0.673	36.0	0.263	0.404	23.8	PC	PD
64 x 41 x 0.95 LC - G550	1.19	0.0360	33.2	0.488	0.529	27.5	0.204	0.328	21.9	PB	PC
64 x 41 x 0.75 LC - G550	0.941	0.0290	21.4	0.332	0.337	17.1	0.128	0.209	14.9	PA	PB

**NOTES:**

1. The capacities for the full lipped channels are based on an effective length  $L_e = 0.6$  m.
2. The capacities of channels with lips removed are section capacities.
3. No allowance has been made for holes in the web of the plate in the determination of  $I_y$ .
4. The NASH Classifications are based on the capacities of the full lipped channels.
5. The second moment of area  $I_y$  for the full lipped channel is used for the NASH Australia classification.

Symbol	Description
$I_y$	second moment of area about the minor principal y-axis
$\phi_c N_s$	design section capacity of a member in compression
$\phi_c N_c$	design member capacity of a member in compression
$\phi_b M_{byL}$	design section moment capacity about the y-axis (lips in compression)
$\phi_b M_{byW}$	design member moment capacity about the y-axis (web in compression)
$\phi_b M_{syT}$	design section moment capacity about the y-axis (toes in compression)
$\phi_b M_{syW}$	design section moment capacity about the y-axis (web in compression)
$\phi_v V_{vy}$	design shear capacity of the cross-section perpendicular to the y-axis
$L_e$	effective length ( $L_{ex} = L_{ey} = L_{ez}$ )

# Appendix A: SIGNATURE CURVES

## CONTENTS

### Appendix A: Signature Curves

#### General

Graph A.1:	100 x 50 x 1.55 LC - Axial Compression
Graph A.2:	100 x 50 x 1.55 LC - Bending about x-axis
Graph A.3:	100 x 50 x 1.55 LC - Bending about y-axis (Lips in Compression)
Graph A.4:	100 x 50 x 1.55 LC - Bending about y-axis (Web in Compression)
Graph A.5:	100 x 50 x 1.15 LC - Axial Compression
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Graph A.15:	100 x 50 x 0.75 LC - Bending about y-axis (Lips in Compression)
Graph A.16:	100 x 50 x 0.75 LC - Bending about y-axis (Web in Compression)

## GENERAL

This appendix provides the signature curves for each of the sections contained in these Design Capacity Tables. The signature curves were produced in the Thin-Wall buckling analysis program developed by The University of Sydney, and form the basis of design using the Direct Strength Method (DSM). They are included here to provide a clear picture of the buckling behaviour of the sections under the following loading conditions:

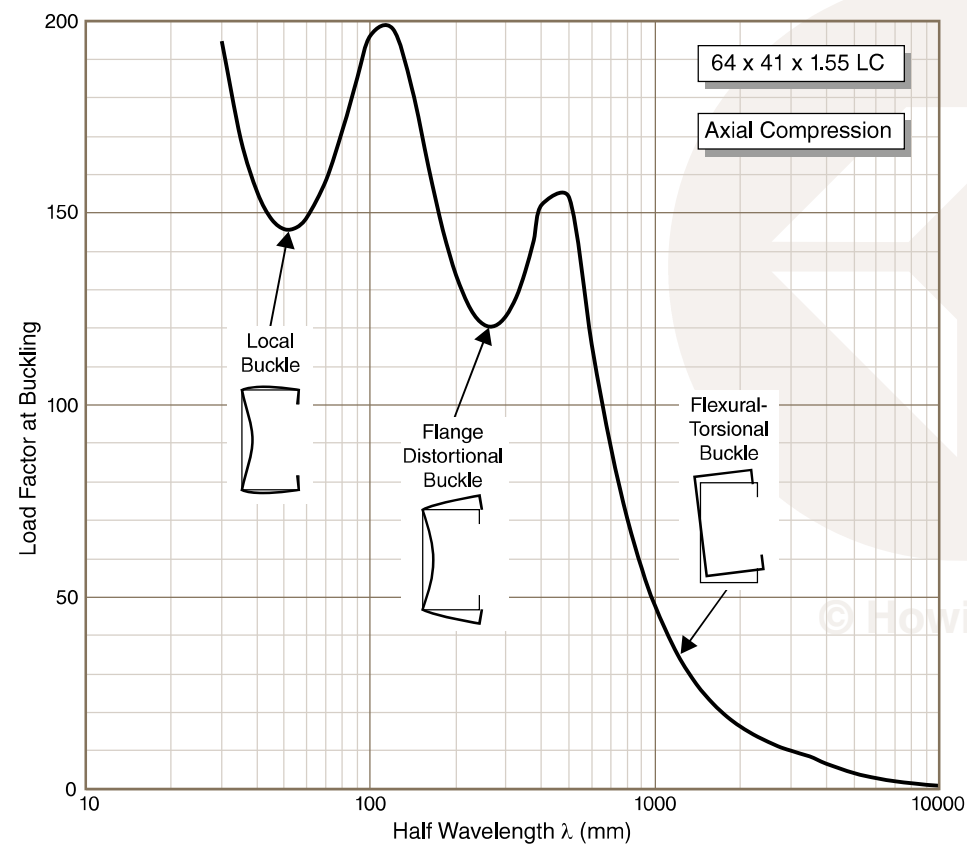
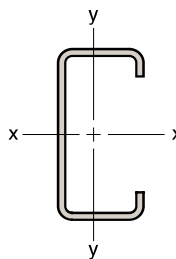
- axial compression
- bending about the x-axis
- bending about the y-axis (lips in compression)
- bending about the y-axis (web in compression)

Graph A.1

## SIGNATURE CURVE

64 x 41 x 1.55 LC

Axial Compression

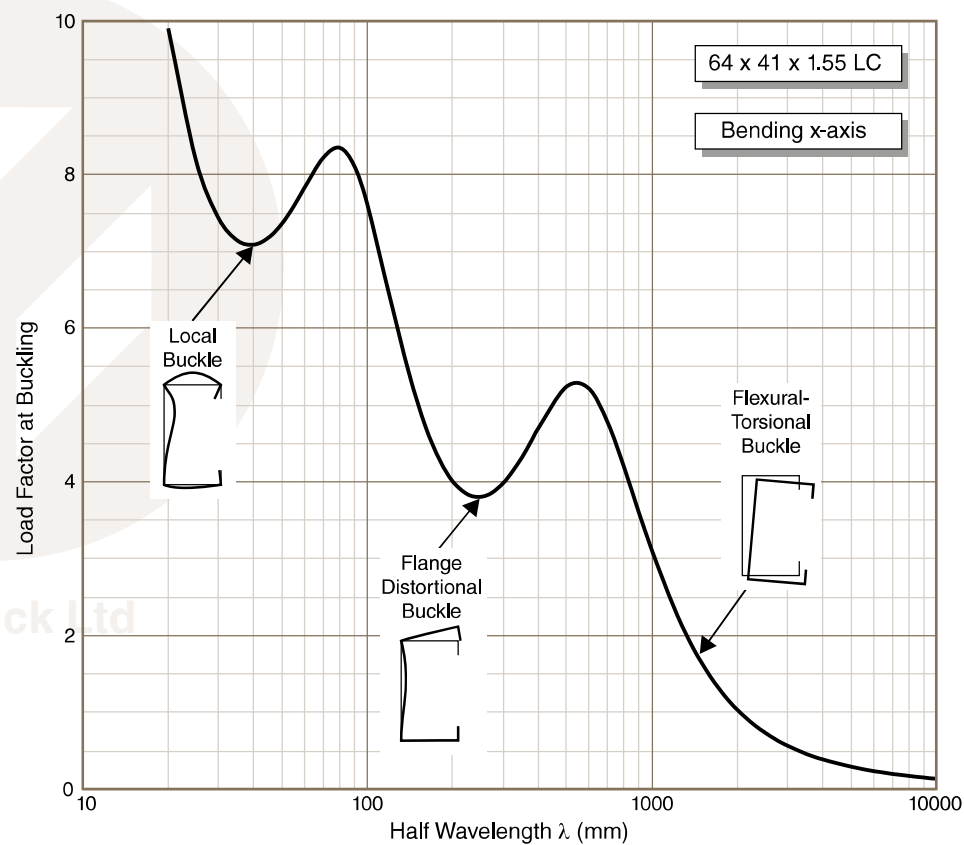


Graph A.2

## SIGNATURE CURVE

64 x 41 x 1.55 LC

Bending about x-axis



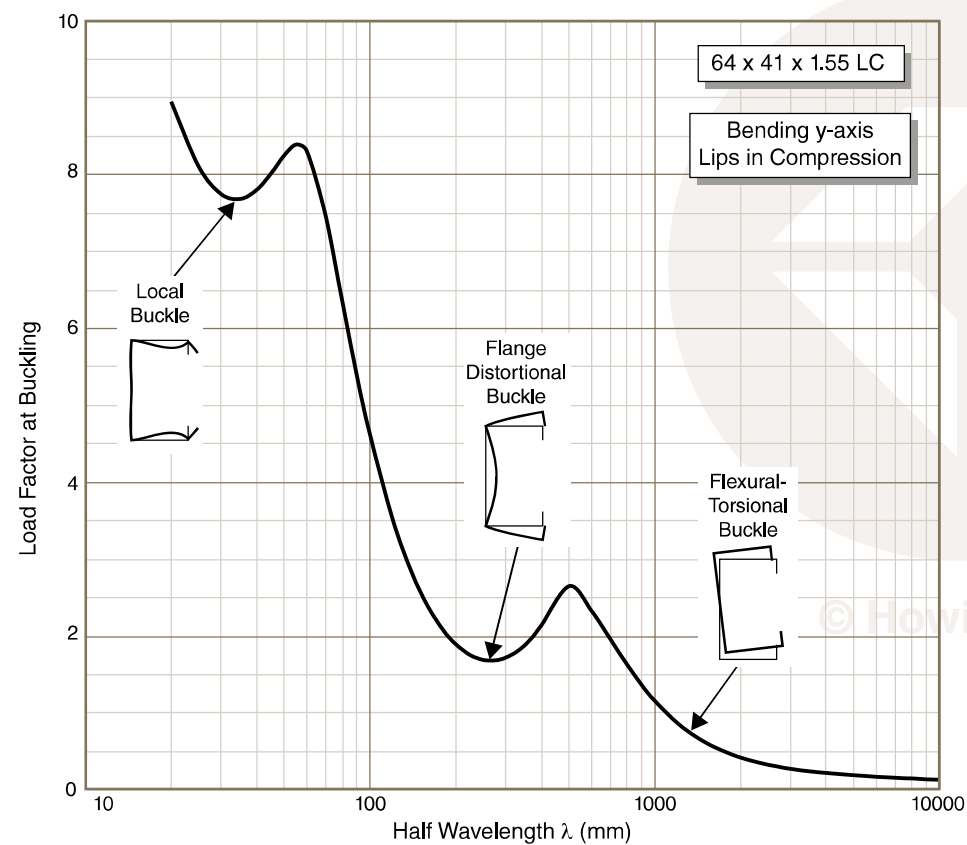
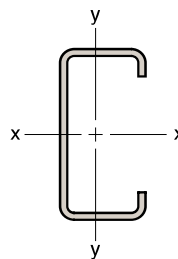
Graph A.3

## SIGNATURE CURVE

64 x 41 x 1.55 LC

Bending about y-axis

(Lips in Compression)



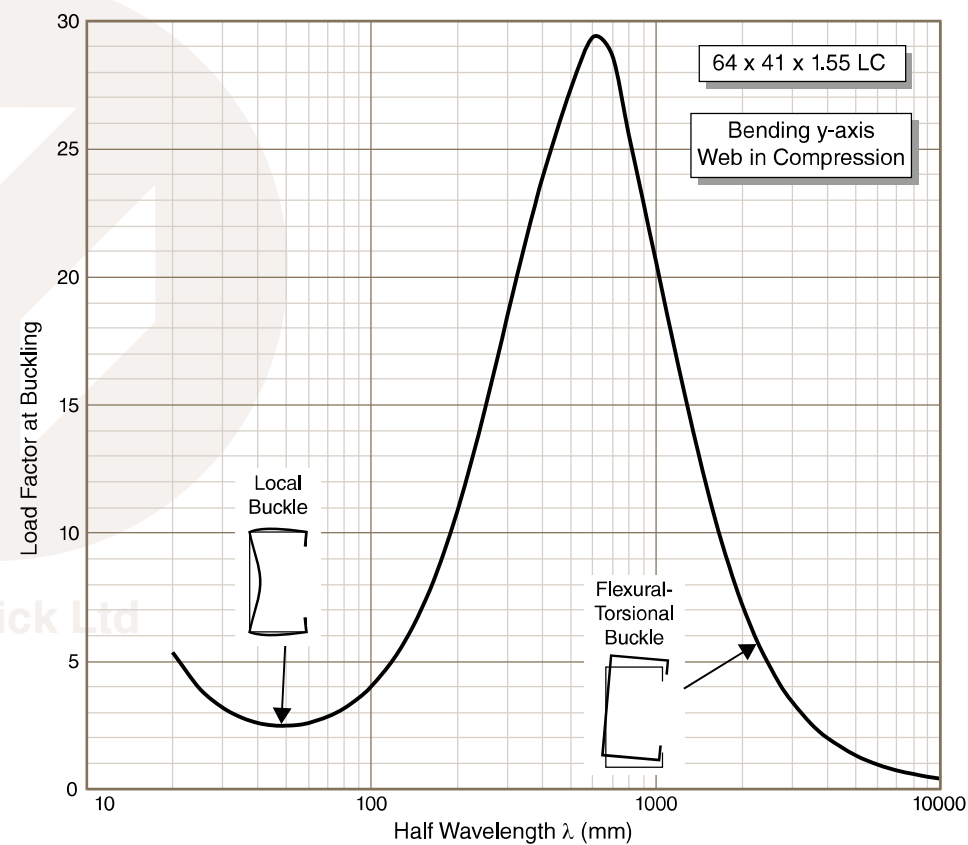
Graph A.4

## SIGNATURE CURVE

64 x 41 x 1.55 LC

Bending about y-axis

(Web in Compression)

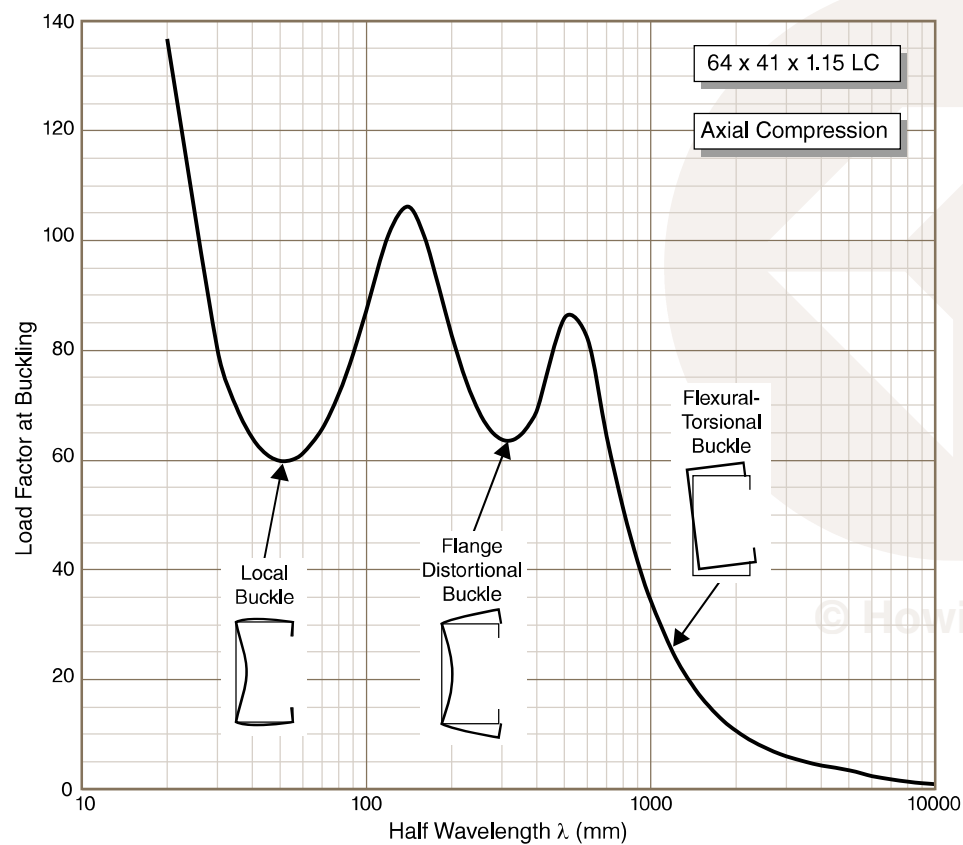
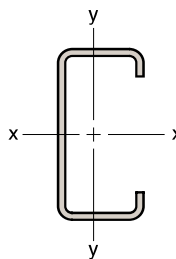


Graph A.5

## SIGNATURE CURVE

64 x 41 x 1.15 LC

Axial Compression

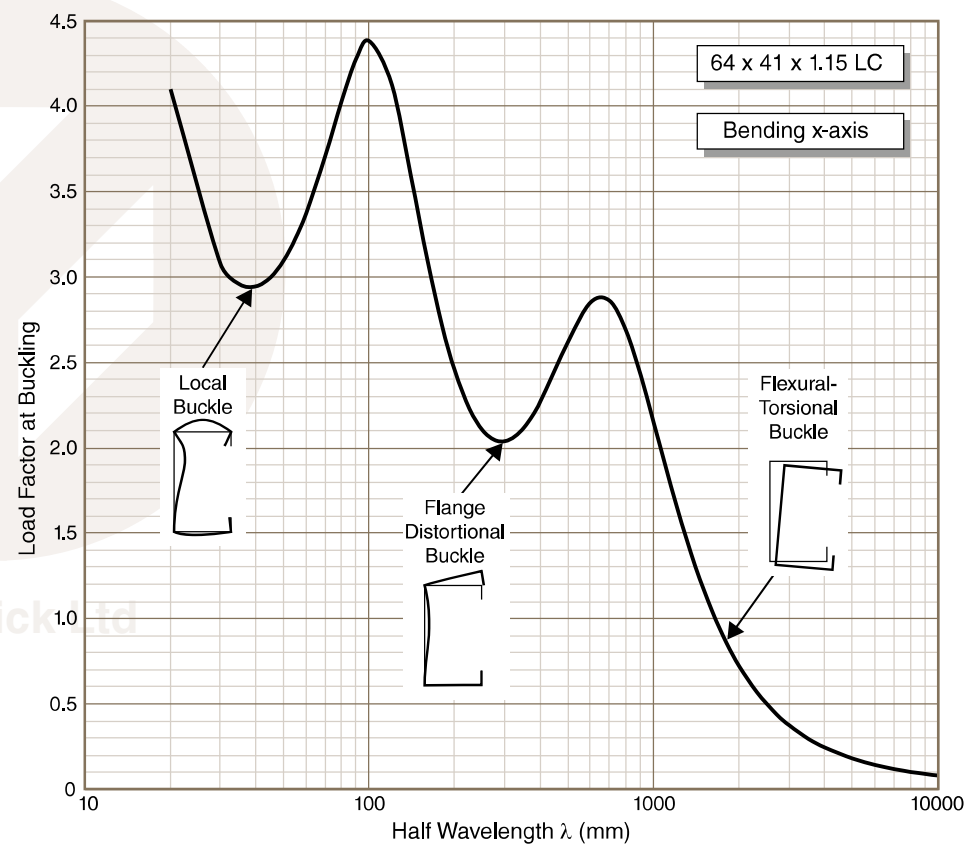


Graph A.6

## SIGNATURE CURVE

64 x 41 x 1.15 LC

Bending about x-axis



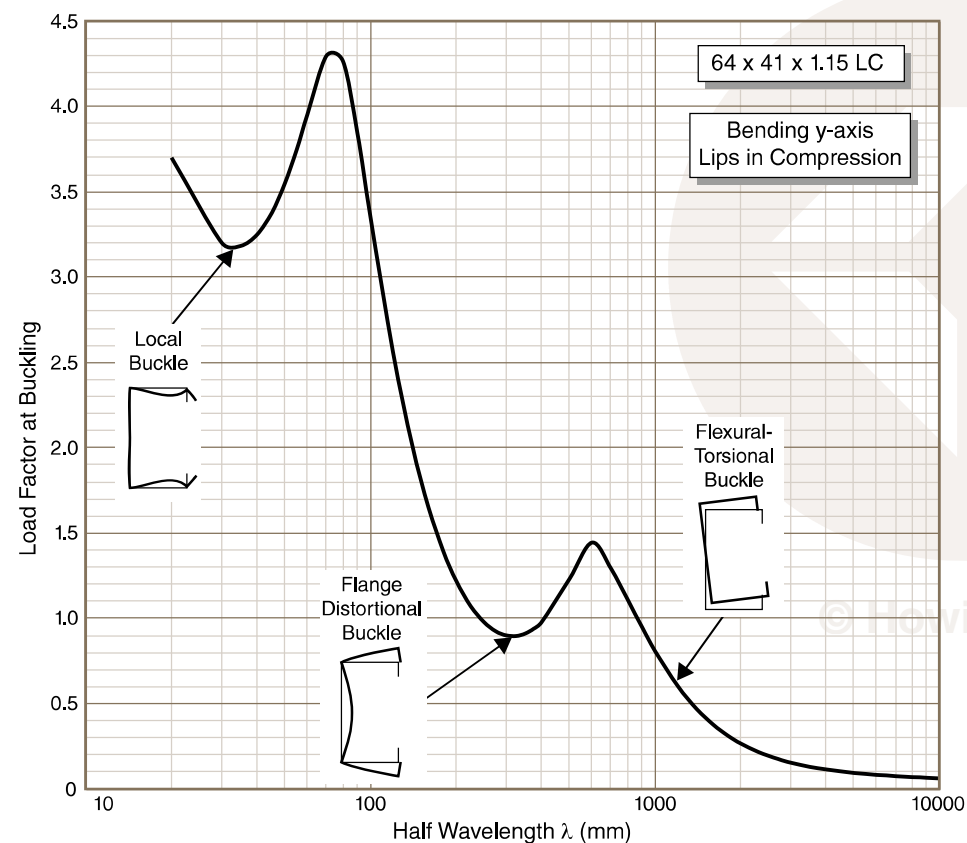
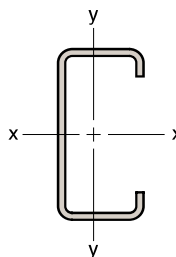
Graph A.7

## SIGNATURE CURVE

64 x 41 x 1.15 LC

Bending about y-axis

(Lips in Compression)



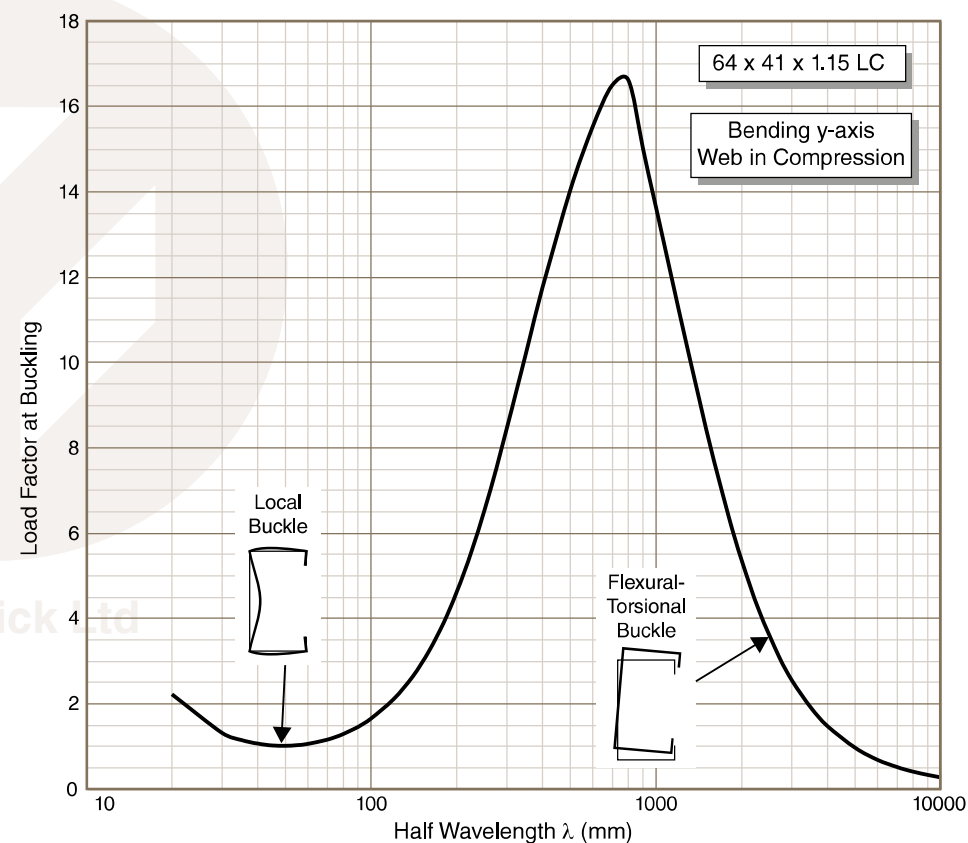
Graph A.8

## SIGNATURE CURVE

64 x 41 x 1.15 LC

Bending about y-axis

(Web in Compression)

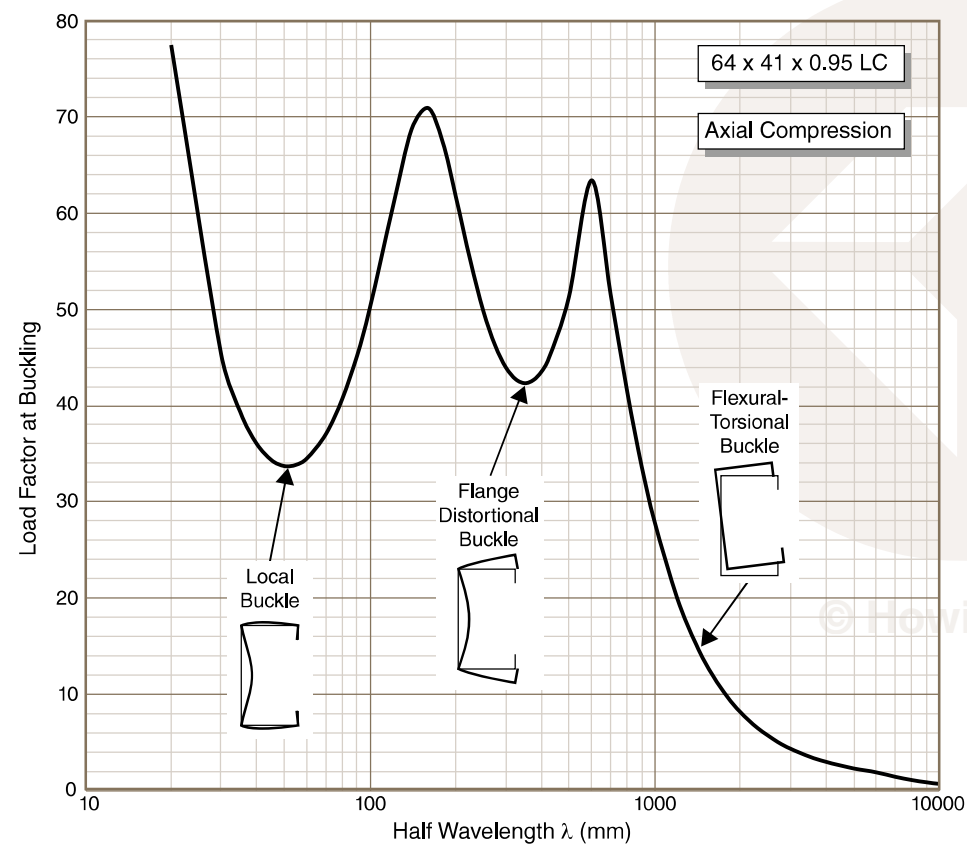
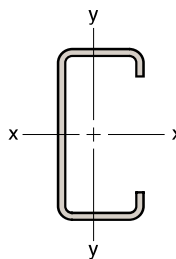


Graph A.9

## SIGNATURE CURVE

64 x 41 x 0.95 LC

Axial Compression

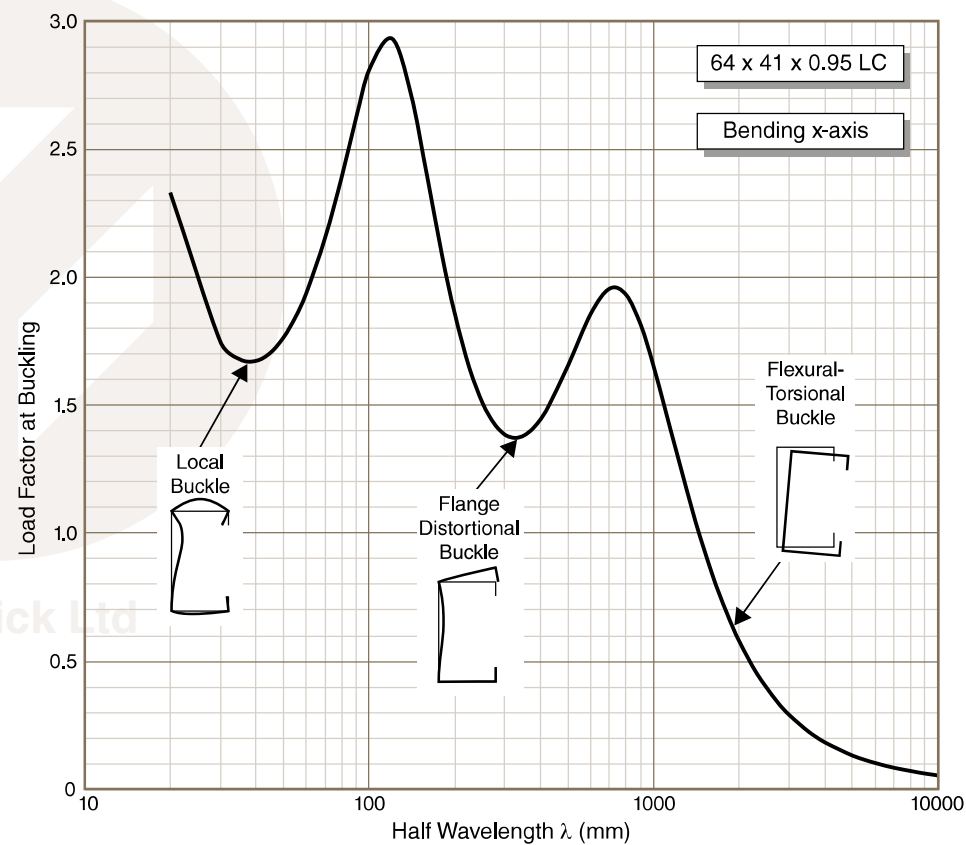


Graph A.10

## SIGNATURE CURVE

64 x 41 x 0.95 LC

Bending about x-axis



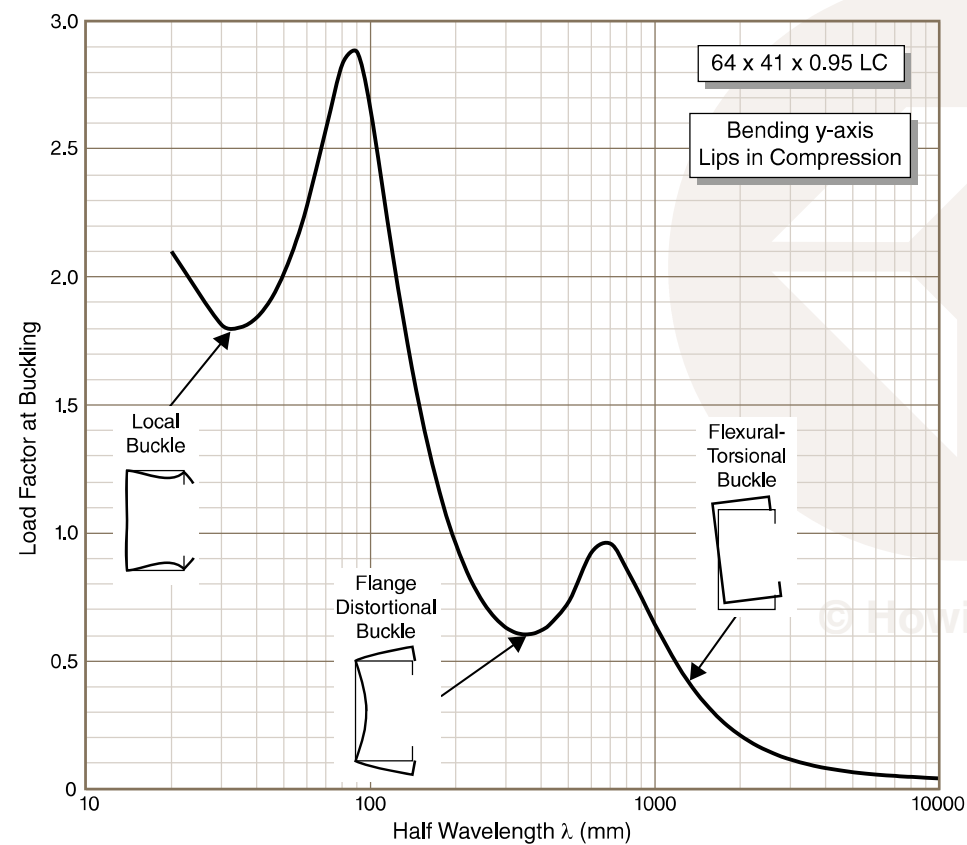
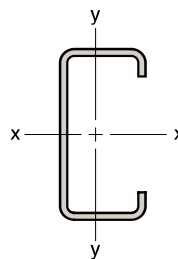
Graph A.11

## SIGNATURE CURVE

64 x 41 x 0.95 LC

Bending about y-axis

(Lips in Compression)



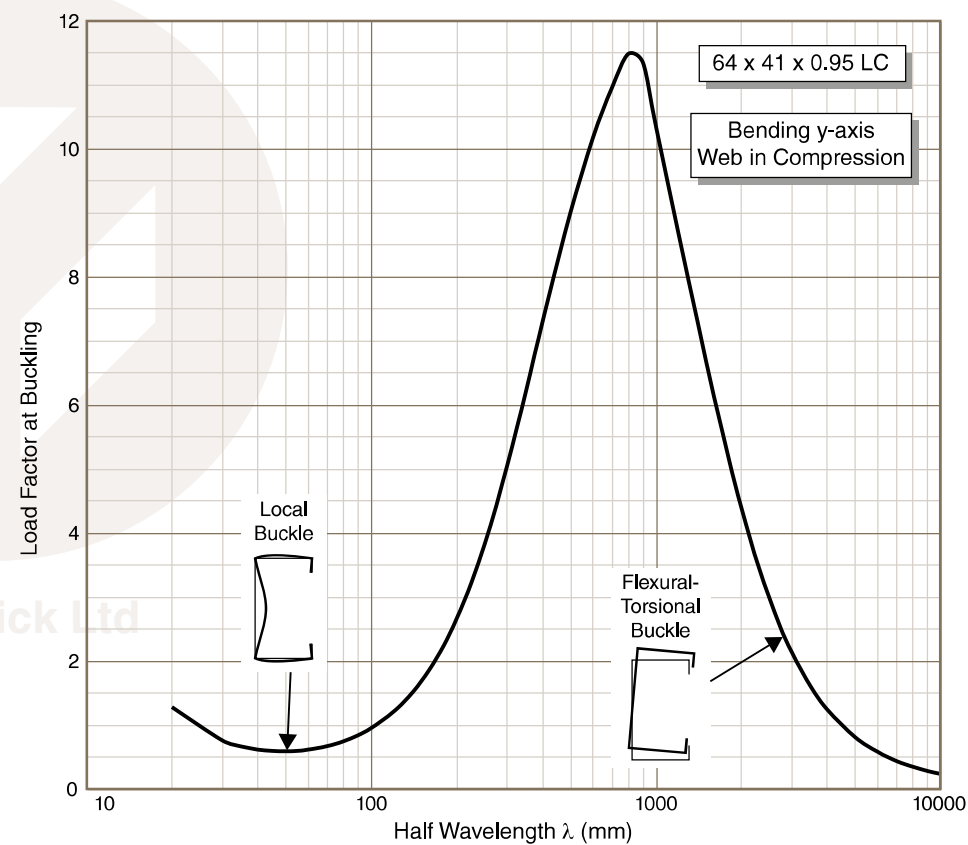
Graph A.12

## SIGNATURE CURVE

64 x 41 x 0.95 LC

Bending about y-axis

(Web in Compression)

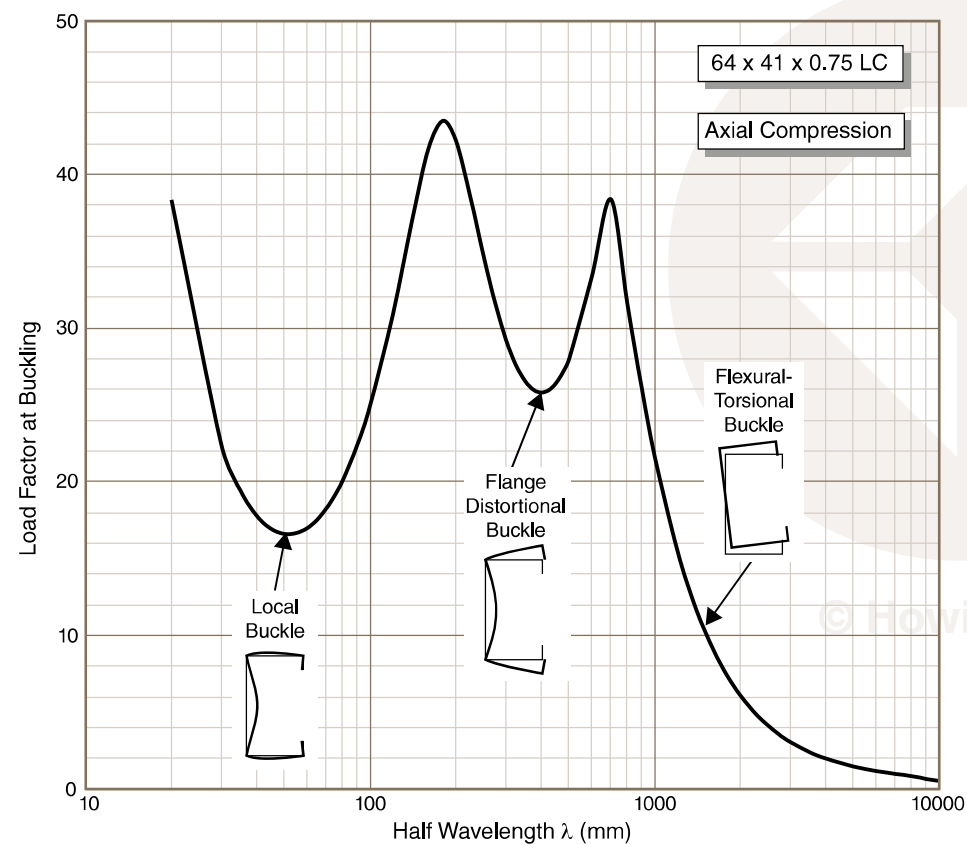
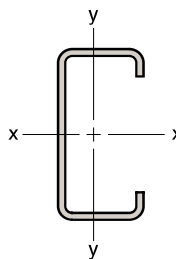


Graph A.13

## SIGNATURE CURVE

64 x 41 x 0.75 LC

Axial Compression

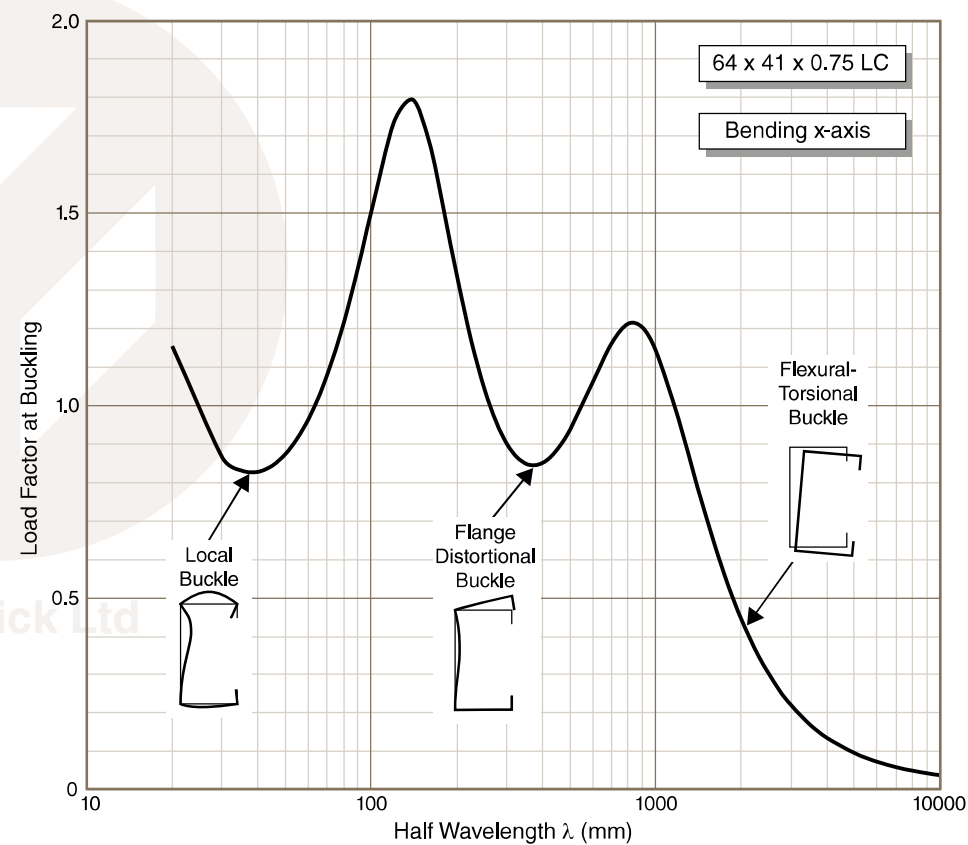


Graph A.14

## SIGNATURE CURVE

64 x 41 x 0.75 LC

Bending about x-axis



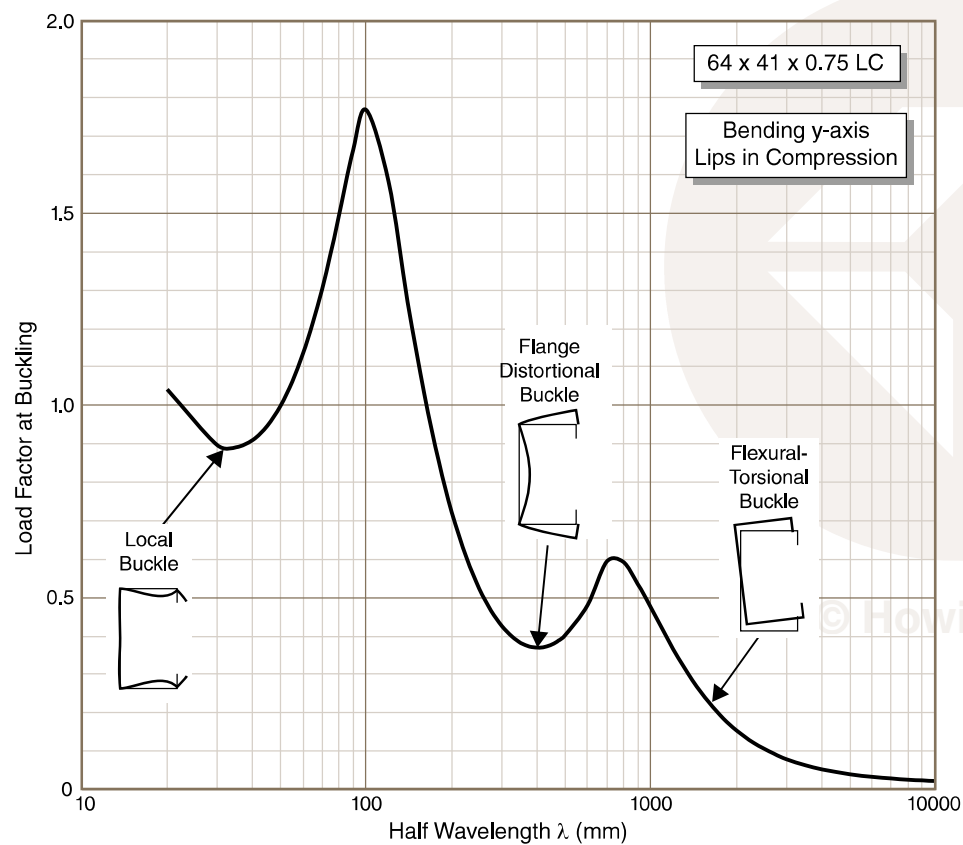
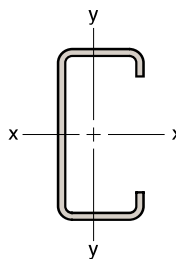
Graph A.15

## SIGNATURE CURVE

64 x 41 x 0.75 LC

Bending about y-axis

(Lips in Compression)



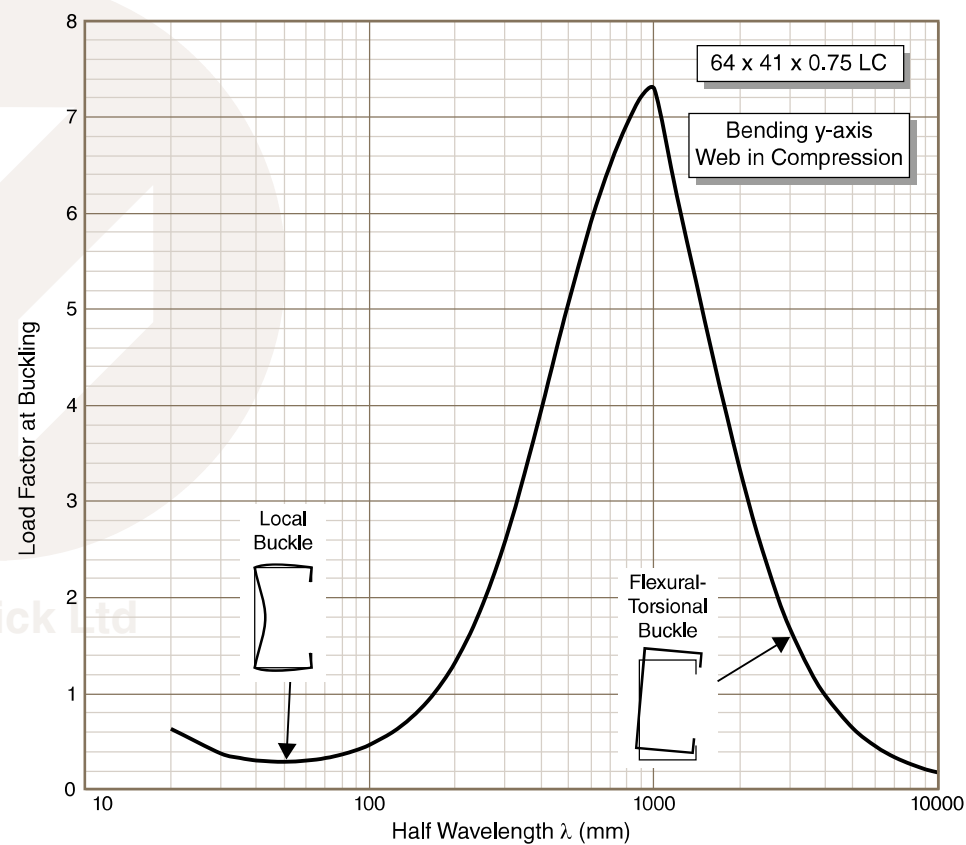
Graph A.16

## SIGNATURE CURVE

64 x 41 x 0.75 LC

Bending about y-axis

(Web in Compression)





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